

THE ATLANTA SUNDAY

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FORTY THOUSAND PEOPLE YESTERDAY.

A SPLENDID PROGRAMME FOR TODAY.

AS MANY WILL BE THERE TODAY.

40,000 PEOPLE
BY ACTUAL COUNT.

THAT WAS YESTERDAY'S CROWD.

One of the Greatest Days the Exposition Ever Had.

THE GREAT INTERSTATE DRILL.

The Sham Battle Was a Brilliant Success.

THE OVATION TO SENATOR DANIEL.

Today's Programme Replete With Good Features.

AND WILL DRAW A VERY LARGE CROWD.

"Fully 50,000—there must be that many." "I would say sixty."

"Well, a thoroughly conservative estimate is 40,000. I believe the turnstiles will show that."

Such were the comments among the directors as they looked over the crowd packed in the grandstand, along the tracks and over the hills at the exposition grounds yesterday.

It was certainly one of the biggest days in the history of the exposition company. There may have been more people present on Cleveland day—there may have been as many on Alliance day or Hill day. But only Cleveland day excelled yesterday's attendance, and only Hill or Alliance days equalled it.

The day's exercises were perfect. Never has there been such a drilling contest in the south, as that between the five crack companies. The address of Senator Daniel was a gem, and the reception of the distinguished Virginian was one of which he was pretty proud.

The sham battle was a glorious success, replete with pretty maneuvering and exciting surprises. The Wild West was better than ever. The fireworks equalled any that have ever been seen here—which means much.

There was nothing to mar the pleasures of the day. The weather, as if to make full reparation for all the disappointments of the past few days, was simply perfect, and bright and early the crowd began pouring into the grounds. By noon 38,000 had been registered at the railroad and electric railroad gates, and the crowd was just beginning to come. Every train on the Richmond and Danville, every electric car that the company could put on that line, every street car was crowded, and thousands of private conveyances passed through the gates.

There were people everywhere. With the stand crowded to overflowing, with the track lined by a line several feet deep, and with every square foot of ground on the hillside and points of vantage about the grounds, there were still thousands of people in the buildings, a never-ending stream of sight-seers.

The victory of the Perry Rifles was something of a dampener upon the spirits of the Brunswick boys who were a close second but expected to be first. The incident in the interstate drill ran high and it was the hope of the participants that a decision might be reached yesterday. It was not, and today the friends of the Guard, the Rifles, the Sweeney, Fort Worth and Little Rock companies are on the anxious seat. The three first companies are favorites—but the decision of the judges has not been made.

Just two points, and then to the story of the day in detail.

1. Today's programme is replete with interesting features. Read it carefully and go out.

2. The transportation facilities are very much better than ever before, and deserve this special mention. For the benefit of visitors it may be well to again explain the three principal routes to the grounds. They are: The Richmond and Danville trains, which leave the Markham house every twenty minutes; the electric cars, which leave the corner of Broad and Marietta streets every fifteen minutes; the street cars of the Union lines, which go out Peachtree every five minutes.

It makes no difference how you go; only go.

THE INTERSTATE DRILL.

It was the Grandest Military Contest Known to the South.

Great was the drill. It was a case of Greek meeting Greek. And even the judges were left in a doubtful dilemma as to who the victors were.

Every soldier was at his best, and the weather was admirable. The sun rose clear and bright and the western wind was cool and bracing—just enough to make the drill teams enter their work with a hearty zest and a light, steady step. It was a perfect day, and with the exception of a somewhat muddy field the interstate drill proceeded without a flaw or a single disadvantage. The drill was the first thing on the pro-

gramme for yesterday, and began promptly at 9:30 o'clock.

Even at that early hour the grandstand was packed from one end to the other, and great crowds of people thickly dotted the terraces around the race track.

There were 20,000 people on the grounds when the drill began, and the roar of conversation on every side was deafening.

The Drill Begins. The first drill was made by the Fort Worth Fencibles.

This company marched into the confines of the drill grounds to the tune of a lively air played by the cornet band in the gallery of the grand stand, and drew up a handsome line in front of the judges.

There was a perfect storm of applause from the grand stand when the company halted, and Captain Ford turned the men over to the judges for inspection.

The uniform was white duck with gold trimmings, white helmets with white plumes as a crest.

The handsome colors of the company were planted in the gateway of the drill ground, and remained there during the drill.

Their sponsor, Miss Elsie Howell, and the matrons of honor watched the drill from their handsome carriage decorated with flags and the company's colors.

The inspection was most rigid, and required some time before the company was given back to the captain to drill. The captain failed to "open boxes" in the very beginning, and this, perhaps, was the only marked error the company made.

The boys from Texas began their movements beautifully. Their appearance was very fine, and their work was most clever.

The following is a programme of the command of the drill, made out by Lieutenant McDonald and corrected by Lieutenant Lawton, two of the judges.

1. Movements will be executed in single rank and in the order written in the programme. 2. Any movement outside of the proper place will be scored "O" and cannot be executed afterwards.

3. Forty-five minutes will be allowed each company to finish the programme, and movements executed after recall will be scored "O."

4. The companies will be marched upon the drill ground and held in line fifteen or twenty paces in front of the judges ready to prepare for "inspection of separate company."

PART I. INSPECTION—(COMPANY IN SINGLE RANK).

1. Tactical movements; precision in manual; soldierly bearing. 2. Dress, arms and equipment. 3. Part II. EVOLUTIONS, MANUAL, FIGURES.

1. Wheel to the right and halt. 2. Move forward by right flank in column of fours. 3. Form column of files and reform column of twos, then column of fours.

4. Form column of platoons to front, quick time. 5. Put column of platoons in march, in double time and change direction to left at same time.

6. Form column of fours from right of column of platoons. 7. Reform line to front without halting. 8. Marching in quick time, execute manual as follows: (1) Carry arms. (2) Arms port, carry arms. (3) Trail arms, carry arms. 9. Marching in line form column of fours to front from left. 10. Change to right flank, form front into line and halt, right being in front.

MANUAL BY THE NUMBERS.

21. Present arms. 22. Carry arms. 23. Order arms. 24. Carry arms. 25. Unfix bayonets. 26. Carry arms. 27. Reform line. 28. Carry arms.

EVOLUTIONS.

19. Form column of platoons to the right and advance. 20. Oblique twenty paces to right and reform line. 21. Reform line to front. 22. In double time advance by the right of platoons in separate columns of fours. 23. Form column of platoons wheeling from the left to advance. 24. Reform line to front, quick time, and move forward. 25. Form line to right and halt.

EVOLUTIONS BY THE NUMBERS.

26. Load, aim, direct, fire; load. 27. As rear rank, reform arms. 28. Aim right oblique, fire, carry arms.

MANUAL WITHOUT THE NUMBERS.

29. Order arms. 30. Stack arms (with rifles). 31. Take arms. 32. Carry arms. 33. Load, fire. 34. Fire kneeling, direct; load. 35. Company kneeling as rear rank fire left oblique. 36. Rise. 34. Fire direct, cease firing. 35. Fire lying down. 36. Draw load; 37. Bayonets.

EVOLUTIONS.

In the four following movements in double time without halting or quick time: (1) Move forward by right flank in column of fours. (2) Reform line to front from left. (3) March the column to rear wheeling from left. (4) Form line to the right. 50. Move forward in line. 51. Form column of platoons to front. 52. Reform line to front. 53. Reform line to front. 54. Reform line to front. 55. Reform line to front. 56. Reform line to front. 57. Reform line to front. 58. Reform line to front. 59. Reform line to front. 60. Reform line to front. 61. Reform line to front. 62. Reform line to front. 63. Reform line to front. 64. Reform line to front. 65. Reform line to front. 66. Reform line to front. 67. Reform line to front. 68. Reform line to front. 69. Reform line to front. 70. Reform line to front. 71. Reform line to front. 72. Reform line to front. 73. Reform line to front. 74. Reform line to front. 75. Reform line to front. 76. Reform line to front. 77. Reform line to front. 78. 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NORWOOD'S NAME

HOW BELONGS TO THE PEOPLE OF GEORGIA.

And Will Be Presented to the State Legislature in the Senatorial Race—Legislation Likely to Be Bought.

SAVANNAH, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—Hon. T. M. Norwood returned today from Macon, where he spent a couple of days. He stated that he would not prepare any letter announcing his candidacy, as it was generally understood now that his name would be presented to the legislature as a candidate for the United States senatorship. He did not announce himself a candidate at Baxley, as was stated in the papers, but as long as that construction had been placed upon his words, he was satisfied to allow it to stand as ascribed to him.

HE IS IN THE RACE. He is, therefore, now to be regarded as a candidate to succeed Brown. Colonel Norwood was satisfied with the result of his trip through the state. Although he said that there was nothing new politically to report, it was quite evident that he is well satisfied with the situation.

LEGISLATION TO BE ASKED FOR. There seems to be a pretty strong feeling among all classes of employes in favor of weekly payments of wages instead of monthly, as is now the custom. It is claimed by those interested in the matter that it would be a great boon to them in many ways. A large portion of the employes think that the legislature in this state should take the matter up. Such a measure with an alliance legislature, would probably stand a good chance of going through. It is stated that an effort will be made to enlist the support of labor organizations here in such a movement.

NORTON AND PECK.

The Governor-Elect Denies the Rumored Swap of Offices. MACON, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—Senator W. L. Peck spent the day in Macon, and left tonight for Atlanta.

His presence here created the rumor that the alliance legislators had agreed on Norton for senator and Peck for governor.

THE CONSTITUTION interviewed Governor Norton on the subject tonight and he said so far as he knew there was absolutely no truth in the report, and that Peck had positively not mentioned the matter to him.

The governor-elect also said with much warmth:

"You can say that Norton has never traded for office, and never will."

TATNALL AGAINST GORDON.

The Democratic Assembly in Mass Meeting and Take Action.

RENOVILLE, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—The following is the result of the democratic mass meeting held here:

Whereas, The term of Senator Joseph E. Brown will soon expire, and it will devolve upon the next general assembly to elect his successor, and

Whereas, The exigency of the times demands that we be represented in the United States senate by our ablest statesmen and a friend to the people; and

Whereas, There is no purer, abler man in Georgia than that able lawyer, honest man and pure Christian gentleman, Hon. James K. Hines, who is the peer of any man, whose name has been mentioned in connection with said office, and who is in sympathy with the agriculturalists of our state;

Resolved, That we the citizens of Tatnall county, alliance and non-alliance, in mass meeting assembled, do hereby endorse the Hon. James K. Hines for the office of United States senator, and hereby request our representative and senator in the next general assembly to give him their support and use all honorable means in their power to secure his election.

Whereas, Tatnall county has never presented a candidate at any time for the judgeship of the middle circuit; and

Whereas, Our fellow-citizen, that able and honest lawyer, Henry J. McFee, is eminently qualified for the said and responsible position of judge of the superior court, and would be a worthy successor to the Hon. James K. Hines; and

Whereas, Henry J. McFee is the peer of any man in point of ability and character, and has been mentioned in connection with the judgeship, or who is a candidate for the same;

Resolved, That the citizens of Tatnall county, alliance and non-alliance, in mass meeting assembled, as an evidence of our confidence and esteem, do hereby endorse him for the judgeship, and earnestly ask that he become a candidate for the position.

Resolved further, That our senator and representative do support him and use all honorable means in their power to secure his election.

EXPLAINING THE SITUATION.

Hon. A. Q. Moody, of Thomas County, Writes a Card.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—Hon. A. Q. Moody, vice president of the State Agricultural Society, for the second congressional district, president of the Thomas county alliance, and member of the judiciary committee, has written the following card of the political situation:

EDITOR CONSTITUTION: I propose to give in this communication a clear and honest statement of the political situation as viewed from the alliance standpoint, and although I speak in the first person, my intention is to voice the sentiment of the great mass of alliance men in this section of Georgia.

The farmers' alliance was born of necessity. The farming interests of the country had been hampered so long by unjust discriminations, that a crisis had been reached, when the farmers must go into bankruptcy or else form a combination for mutual protection.

The evils which have dogged the land, withering with their baneful influence the honest efforts of those devoted to the pursuit of agriculture, and dragging down its followers to a position of degradation, have been the result of these same evils.

If the foregoing be true, it is equally plain that the alliance, if it expects to rectify the wrongs of the farming class, must go into the halls of legislation, both state and national, by such means as are in harmony with its principles and purposes.

Thus far the alliance intends to go into politics, and no further.

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It is no disorganization, and has no intention of trying to disrupt the democratic party.

It claims the right, like all other citizens, to influence its preferences by the recommending for nomination by the democratic party, such persons as they think will best fill the office sought, but when the whole democratic party has spoken, alliance men accept the verdict, and give the nominee a hearty support.

In this district, the second congressional, Hon. H. G. Turner was not in accord with a great number of the alliance men of the district, but there was no organized opposition; he received the democratic nomination, and the same alliance men will give him a cheerful and cordial support.

This is as it ought to be, but how can it be with the so-called Jeffersonian democrats in the northern part of the state? Have they shown any independence of action to party organization as the alliance democrats?

What reasonable excuse can there be for Dr. Fulton running as an independent candidate in the seventh district?

Mr. Clements retired from the race because he knew that a majority of the alliance men of his district were against him. If he had thought that only a majority of alliance men were opposed to his nomination, and not a majority of democrats, he never would have given up the contest.

Mr. Everett was nominated by a regularly constituted democratic convention, not as an alliance man, but as a democrat. In accepting the nomination he announced his intention of acting in full harmony with the national democratic party, and of abiding the decision of the party caucus; and yet these high-souled Jeffersonian democrats say the best interests of the party demand that its regular nominee should be beaten, because he happens to be a member of the Farmers' Alliance.

In the fifth district, men claiming to be democrats have gone so far as to say they would vote for a republican in preference to Colonel Livingston, who was regularly nominated at a democratic primary election. They say in effect they would rather have the "force bill," with all its horrible possibilities, than a man who is known to be in full accord with the democratic party in its fight against republican usurpation and misrule, simply because they were disappointed in their choice of a candidate.

(Other cases might be cited to show that independence do not spring from the ranks of the

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A Negro Boy, Fifteen Years of Age, Killed a White Boy of Five—The Lynching Yesterday Morning.

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Two lives have been taken, and the law boldly trampled upon by a lawless mob.

On Monday, a negro boy, fifteen years old, General Thomas by name, who had been out hunting, passed the home of Mr. John T. Robinson, having with him a quantity of chinquapins.

THE CHINQUAPIN INCIDENT. A son of Mr. Robinson, Johnny, a little boy five years old, begged the boy for some of his chinquapins. He refused, the little boy took some of them from General's pocket and started to run off, when the former aimed his gun at him and ordered him to stop.

JOHNNY DID NOT OBEY PROMPTLY, when the gun fired, tearing away the bowels of the child. The boy was arrested, tried and committed to jail Tuesday at 11 o'clock.

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THE HARBOR CORPUS. Sheriff C. W. Hurst saw the corpse in this condition today, he having gone down to serve a mandamus upon Constable Joyner to produce the boy, Stepey Williams having come to town and swore out the necessary papers to have his son brought to jail.

GRAT INDIGNATION FELT. Great indignation is felt here at the action of Joyner in keeping the boy away from jail so long. His excuse was that he was hiding him out from the lynchers.

Joyner is the uncle of Johnnie, the little white boy who was killed by the negro, General Thomas. The latter said the killing was accidental, having happened while he was sitting down with his gun across his lap.

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All of them are negroes, and their names are as follows: John Smith, Gus Dupree, Lambert Bell, Charley Farrall, Willis Echols and Amos Hesterday, from Newnan, Ga.; Freeman Clark, Jim Harrison and Ben Fields, from Gainesville, and Joe Baynes, from Alpharetta.

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When Dr. Lee reached McDonough he learned that he was only about three hours behind those who had passed through that place; but, as he was considerably fatigued by his ride, he gave up the pursuit and returned home.

The loss of their labor at this time is quite a misfortune to Mr. Lee, as they are greatly needed in the gathering of his cotton crop, and the scarcity of hands for that purpose will render it very difficult to supply their places.

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from the shoe factory to a row of wooden boarding houses. Help was called from the surrounding towns, the old apparatus of the locality being insufficient. Assistance was called upon, and responded with some of her trucks and men.

Before the flames could be attacked successfully with the appearance of two very large residences, seven stores and a block of boarding houses. Loss estimated at \$300,000. Early after daylight the flames were over-come. Several hundred persons are out of employment by the fire, and the town is in distress. The heaviest single loss is on Leighton's shoe factory, \$150,000, and on Lumber \$12,000. The factory employed 400 hands, and turned out between 4,000 and 5,000 pairs of brogans a day. The insurance on Leighton's property amounted to \$100,000, but by sixty stock companies. The Leightons recently reduced their insurance from \$150,000, owing to high rates.

THEY WOKE UP THE PASSENGERS And Relieved Them of Their Surplus Cash.

SOCORRO, N. M., October 24.—Thursday morning, as the southbound train on the Santa Fe railroad pulled out of Socorro three men were seen to get on board. After the train started the three men, these strangers entered the Pullman sleeper and locked the door, then drew their guns on the porter and conductor and relieved them of their surplus cash. They introduced themselves to the passengers, going through most of them and making quite a haul.

They jumped from the train on the Mesquite de Arboles, great oaks, taking to the hills. It is estimated that they got \$10,500. The thing was done so neatly and quietly that very few on the train knew what had happened. The men were dressed in cowboy clothes, whose caps and muffs were intended to disguise them as much as possible.

Descriptions of them as given by the trainmen, coupled with the appearance of two very hard characters who have been hanging around this vicinity for several weeks. The men of the road have offered a reward of \$1,000 for their arrest.

WASHINGTON JOCKEY CLUB. WASHINGTON, October 24.—Third day of Washington Jockey Club fall meeting (yesterday's races postponed). The weather was raw and cold, track fetid deep in mud, and in the steeply-chase the horses ran almost knee deep in the mud and mire. But of nine water races, only three were finished; the others either being anchored by the heavy ground or being so played out that they dropped rather than stumbled over the hurdles.

First race, six furlongs. Busted won. Waterloo second. Gouevre third. Time, 1:18.

Second race, one mile, Ballyhoo won. Mohican second. Mandolin third. Time, 1:58.

Third race, half mile, Ballyhoo won. Mohican second. Mandolin third. Time, 1:58.

Fourth race, six furlongs. Shotover won. Rustic second. Coldstream third. Time, 1:10 1/2.

Fifth race, steeplechase, about two miles. McKelvin won. Kilmarney second. Zangbar third. Time, 4:55.

THE SUN'S COTTON REVIEW. NEW YORK, October 24.—Futures opened at seven to eight points decline, closing steady at nine to eleven points decline from yesterday's closing prices. The market was a renewed weakness, but in the last fifteen minutes there was a sharp rally on the demand for cotton, stimulated by the possibility of some reaction. Spot cotton was 1-16 cent lower.

DUDLEY'S CASE AGAINST THE WORLD. NEW YORK, October 24.—The general term of the supreme court has refused to vacate the order for the arrest of Colonel William Dudley before trial in his suit for libel against the Press Publishing Company (The World) for damages in publishing the famous "Blocks of Five" letter. In writing the opinion, Justice Danaher stated the circumstances of the case it is evident that the plaintiff, when he has visited New York, has been actuated with an intent to avoid service of the order, and of practically declining to obey the mandate of the court. Under these circumstances the court would not, with any just respect to its own proceedings, listen to his application to vacate its order.

A FINE HORSE KILLED. PUEBLO, Colo., October 24.—The stallion Superior, owned by Dubsels Bros., breeders of Pueblo, was accidentally killed here last night. He was being loaded on a car for transportation to Denver, and while in the act of being loaded, the engine understood the signal and started the train. The horse was thrown under the wheels and mangled. The owner said last night that he would have taken \$75,000 for the horse. He was four years old, and had a record of 2:15.

AN ALLIANCE CALL. RALPHIGH, N. C., October 24.—[Special.]—An official call was today made by State Secretary Beddingfield, of the Farmers' Alliance, on all suballiances in the second district to stand secretly by J. M. Newberry for congress. The latter is one of the executive committees of the state alliance. Secretary Beddingfield announced to allalliances that this is the only district who is favorable to the alliance.

Death of the Engineer. CINCINNATI, October 24.—Pat Taylor, engineer of the ill-fated No. 5 train in the tunnel wreck on the Cincinnati Southern road, died today at Somerset. This makes seven victims of the accident. Conductor Walton, of the freight train, who gave the order to go ahead and thereby became responsible for the collision, is still missing. It is known he was not killed in the wreck and it is thought he is in hiding.

Threats of Lynching. OKLAHOMA CITY, F. October 24.—Clarkson, who was shot five miles west of here last Wednesday is dying. His assailant was arrested and is in jail. There is great excitement. Grave fears are entertained that he will be lynched. The guard around the jail has been doubled.

The Fastest on Record. CAMBRIDGE CITY, Ind., October 24.—Nobon yesterday trotted the fastest half mile on record, barring neither mare nor gelding. The first quarter was made in 22 1/2 seconds and the second in 30 1/2, making the half in 1:03.

Tatt's Pills

This popular remedy never fails to relieve the most distressing cases of Dyspepsia, Constipation, Sick Headache, Biliousness, and all diseases arising from a Torpid Liver and Bad Digestion.

The natural result is good appetite and solid food, and a healthy, happy, and contented life.

It is sold everywhere.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

Is absolutely pure and it is soluble.

No Chemicals are used in its preparation. It has been analyzed with the most accurate apparatus, and is found to be pure and of the highest quality.

It is sold everywhere.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.



SCRIBNER'S MAGAZINE

For November contains the striking story of the only expedition which has ever gone entirely through the CANONS AND THE COLORADO RIVER from source to mouth, written by Mr. Robert Brewster Stanton, Chief of the Expedition, and illustrated from photographs made by the party, and now printed for the first time. Mr. Herbert Ward contributes THE TALE OF A TUSK OF IVORY, with illustrations by Frederic Villiers. A DAY WITH A COUNTRY DOCTOR is written, illustrated, and the drawings engraved by Frank French. R. F. Zogbaum's articles on the White Squadron are concluded by his account of THE YANKEE CRUISERS IN FRENCH HARBORS. The serial, JERRY, is continued. A short story by F. J. Stimson, entitled DR. MATERIALISMUS; THE TRAINING OF A NURSE, by Mrs. F. R. Jones, and NATURE AND MAN IN AMERICA, by N. S. Shaler, help to make the number an important one. The prospectus for the year 1891 appears in this issue.

25 Cents a Number; \$3.00 a Year.

CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, NEW YORK.

ELY'S CREAM BALM FOR CATARRH THE POSITIVE CURE APPLY BALM INTO EACH NOSTRIL - ALL DRUGGISTS, 50 cts.

OUR METALLIC LATH! HAVE YOU USED IT? If not, you will find it adapted to all kinds of surfaces, the best form of Fire Proofing, most easily and cheaply applied. Leading Architects specify it. Sample by mail. THE CINCINNATI CORRUGATING CO., PIQUA, O. sept-17 sat

THE PLYMOUTH ROCK "IDEA" PANTS TO ORDER \$3.00 TO \$8.25 SUITS TO ORDER \$13.25 TO \$35.00

Branch Store of Plymouth Rock Pants Co., 56-68 West 12th St. New York City.

ENGINES, BOILERS & STEAM PUMPS FOR EVERY PURPOSE. SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS. Friction Clutch Pulleys, Rubber and Leather Belting, PACKING, HOSE, &c. MACHINERY. Injectors, Inspirators, FEED WATER HEATERS, Railway, Mining, Machine Shop, AND MILL SUPPLIES AND TOOLS. R. H. RICHARDS & CO., 59 S. Broad St., ATLANTA, GA.

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DRUMMERS' DAY.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING OF THE SOUTHERN TRAVELERS.

Another Meeting to Be Held Tonight, When the Final Arrangements for Drummers' Day Will Be Made.

The Southern Travelers' Association, is one of the most influential organizations in the south today.

The headquarters of this grand organization of the representatives of the business of the south, are in the old capitol building.

The beauty and elegance of these apartments have been described in these columns a number of times.

But tonight will be held one of the most important meetings during the history of the organization.

It is a grand rally of the drummers of Atlanta.

The object is to complete the arrangements for the great reception on "Drummers' Day," next Monday, at the Piedmont exposition.

An urgent request is extended to every commercial man in Atlanta to be present at the meeting.

Hundreds of merchants outside of the city will visit the exposition on that day, and it will be expected that the Southern Travelers' Association will entertain them.

It is very essential that all committees on badges, refreshments and other arrangements shall hand in their reports at the meeting tonight, so that the final management may be completed in detail.

It is the desire of the commercial men of the city to make Drummers' Day the biggest day that has ever dawned in the city of Atlanta, the heart and center of the Southern Travelers' Association.

The meeting will be held in the association rooms in the old capitol, and will begin at 7:00 o'clock this evening. The general hotel committee of the southern district is now in session, and Messrs. Guy L. Harvard, of Macon, Ga.; O. S. Lee, of Augusta, Ga.; and Charles Brannan, of Atlanta, are in attendance.

Representatives from Savannah, Jacksonville, Fla., Rome, Ga., Birmingham, Ala., and Chattanooga, Tenn., are expected today.

The object of this committee is to receive reports from the various branches, in regard to making contracts with hotels, and to consider all grievances reported in the district, so that a proper adjustment may be consummated between the travelers and hotel keepers.

THE SHAM BATTLE.

Continued from First Page.

They were wildly cheered, the inspiring old "rebel yell," as it is called, from their throats, awakening new enthusiasm in the hearts of the spectators. The sight of the noble old soldiers, clad in their modest suit of gray, grasping firmly in their mottled and scarred hands their trusty old musket, and charging their enemy at a run, was an inspiration to those who had never experienced the terrible brunt of war and a sight that revived many a soldier's recollections in the hearts of their comrades who looked on.

Led on by the victory of the veterans, the southern column charged the northern line, driving it back foot by foot.

Here the battle was at close quarters, the north line standing its ground stubbornly and the attacking forces being equally determined to carry its point.

It was hand-to-hand, many of the men dropping their guns and using small arms. Litters and surgeons' corps were hurried out and the wounded carried to the rear.

Prisoners were taken and retaken again, and altogether it was a most realistic battle scene.

THE SOUTHERN ARMY RALLIES.

After a desperate effort the northern line rallied from this fierce attack it had received, and with volley after volley gradually forced the assailants to retreat, driving them back almost to the mouth of their battery.

The Police Battalion and McCarthy Light Guards gave close pursuit, flanking the southern line on the right and completely cutting off a detachment of the Atlanta Zouaves.

When the Police Battalion was repulsed they left the ground strewn with dead and wounded, which gave a terrible aspect to the scene.

Both lines then stood their ground for a few minutes, when the Zouaves made a gallant charge, but were again driven back to the main line.

It seemed that the northern line was about to win the day, but again, just in the nick of time, the veterans came up to the support of the south line, and by a united advance forced the advanced posts of the north in.

Here the firing subsided, and the band struck up "Dixie." This was the signal for an outburst of cheering from the spectators, in which the military joined.

The Grady Cadets were the last of the northern line to fall back to the main column.

Both armies then formed in line of battle, facing each other, with the firing of only a few scattering shots.

A BATTERY CAPTURED.

At this juncture the Horse Guard dashed around the track and charged up the hill to where the northern battery was stationed.

After a lively exchange of shot Miller and his men were victorious, and the battery was silenced.

This ended the engagement.

The great sham battle had been fought and won. But which side was victorious has not yet been told.

Battle Echoes.

The fighting between the police and the Atlanta Zouaves was one of the features of the battle.

The hand-to-hand encounters between these two detachments were entered into with a spirit that had a telling effect on the Zouaves.

Policeman R. C. Powell was quite badly hurt in a scuffle with several of the Zouaves. His shoulder was strained, and his helmet was shot to pieces. He will be unable to go on duty for some days.

Captain Holtz of the Zouaves had his hand burned by one of the police guns, and Policeman Patterson wears powder marks on his face as a result of the fray.

Private Braumlett of the Zouaves was severely wounded in the hand. He was trying to disarm one of the policemen, when his hand got torn on the site of the officer's rifle barrel.

Several other zouaves and policemen were slightly hurt.

Three or four zouaves tackled a big policeman and tried to take him captive. The policeman picked one of the zouaves up and threw him down in the mud, and with the assistance of a comrade, completely paralyzed his assailant.

One of the cowboys who did the dead act, had painted blood marks on his face and neck.

When the police saw him lying in the mud with his gore-stained face upturned to the sun, quite a sensation resulted.

It took several policemen to keep the crowd back and prevent the crowd from getting on to the cowboy's little trick.

Dr. Lawshe, surgeon of the Grady Cadets, was in charge of the litter corps for the northern line and Dr. N. O. Harris, of Colonel Calhoun's staff, acted in the same capacity for the southern line.

AWARDING THE PRIZES.

The Winning Companies in the State Contest.

Perry Rifles, first prize, \$1,000.

Brunswick Riflemen, second prize, \$500.

Floyd Rifles, third prize, \$250.

That's the result in the state drill, as announced yesterday afternoon by the judges.

After the sham battle the troops formed on the north end of the race track and marched past the grand stand in review.

The line passed the reviewing stand in the following order:

Hon. W. A. Hemphill, John Clay Smith and Judge S. H. Landrum, riding at the head of the Confederate Veterans' column.

Then came the Fort Worth Fencibles, McCarthy Light Guards, Grady Cadets, Floyd Rifles, Sewanee Rifles, Police Battalion, Colonel W. E. Calhoun, heading the Fourth Georgia Battalion, consisting of the Atlanta Zouaves, the Perry Rifles, Brunswick Riflemen, Governor's Horse Guard and the Atlanta Artillery.

After the review, the competing companies in the state contest were brought forward in front of the stand and the prizes awarded.

Judge H. B. Hopkins presented the prizes

In a few appropriate words, the winning companies with the money they won being as stated.

Judge Hopkins announced, in closing, that the interstate prizes would be awarded today.

As each company received the check it had won, the spectators manifested their approval by the liberal applause bestowed.

GO OUT TODAY.

A Gorgeous Programme—Children Ten Cents.

Squad drills today!

This is the most exciting of all the military contests, and some of the finest drilling ever done in the south will be witnessed at the Piedmont Exposition grounds today.

It goes without saying that the grand stand will be crowded today again.

Certainly, those who go will be amply repaid for the trip.

In these contests the heavy movements of the company drills are omitted, and the drill parlades of the character of an individual contest.

The very pick of the visiting military, as well as of the Georgia troops, will make up the squads.

Better material to select from was never assembled in Atlanta. The company drills, both state and interstate, have been pronounced by competent critics the best, by all odds, ever held in the state.

It does not follow, of course, that the prize-winning companies will furnish the prize-winning squads.

Not at all.

Everything depends this time on the training and the nerve of a few men.

What company, of those assembled here, can furnish the best squad?

Commanders of drills entering the drill today will report to the judges at the judges' stand on the exposition grounds, at 10 o'clock, sharp.

First squad drill at 10:15.

The others follow, in their order, at intervals of twenty minutes.

Each squad will be allowed fifteen minutes in which to drill.

The Individual Drill.

Who is the best drilled man?

That, also, is to be decided today.

The individual drill occurs immediately after the squad drills.

Four men from each company will be allowed to enter.

The Interstate Prizes Delivered.

At 1 o'clock the dress parade of interstate companies will occur, Lieutenant-Colonel W. L. Calhoun commanding.

This follows just after the individual drill; to be held on the race track in front of the grand stand.

During the dress parade the interstate prizes will be delivered.

Today's Programme.

It is another big day—this.

The school children will be admitted for 10 cents, and they will all go out to see the biggest Children's Day yet held on the grounds.

The drills and continued military display will take place in the forenoon and in the afternoon there will be:

1. The Wild West show.

2. Trotting dog, "Doc," in a great race.

3. Chariot races.

4. Running races world without end, of the very best kind.

One of the great features of the day will be the balloon races.

It is a great day on the grounds.

Let everybody go out this morning.

Remember that school children will be admitted for 10 cents.

UP IN A BALLOON.

A Young Couple Get Married and Take a Ride in the World.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., October 24.—[Special.] At the state fair today Thomas J. Mims and Miss Gertrude Pittman were married, and made a bridal tour in a balloon immediately after the ceremony.

The balloon went up probably two miles and sailed away to the south, a very light wind blowing at the time.

They have not yet been heard from, and it is not known where they landed. Professor Baldwin, who was in charge of the balloon, expected to make a landing after going some thirty or forty miles. The couple are only twenty-one and eighteen years of age, but they had plenty of nerve for the novel bridal tour.

A telegram from Helena, eighteen miles south of the city, says the balloon landed safely near that place, at 4 o'clock.

The young couple are unhurt, and greatly enjoyed the novel experience. They return to the city tonight, and hold a public reception to-morrow.

REED IN CHICAGO.

The Speaker of the House Draws a Large Crowd.

CHICAGO, October 24.—Accommodations for the largest political gathering in Chicago had to be doubled tonight to make room for the throng that attempted to hear Speaker Reed.

The doors were locked at Battery Darnoff fully an hour before the hour announced for the beginning of the evening mass meeting to be addressed by Reed. Over 6,000 people were within the walls. The hall was elaborately decorated, a feature being that the hangings were composed exclusively of the stars and stripes.

When several hundred members of the Union Veterans' Association with banners flying entered the hall, as an escort to Mr. Reed, there began at once a scene of remarkable enthusiasm. It was a distinguished group that accompanied the guest of the evening—United States Senators Farrell and Cullom, Congressman Adams and Butterworth, Chairman Jones, of the Illinois republican state central committee, and many others equally well known.

The Brotherhood Engineers.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., October 24.—Today's session of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was devoted to the election of first and second grand engineers. The vote is large, and it will probably be twenty-four hours before the result is known.

At yesterday afternoon's session the corporation of federation submitted majority and minority reports. The majority recommended a federation with railway employees in general, while the minority was opposed to affiliation with other organizations in any manner or form.

After considerable discussion, the question of accepting the report was put to a vote and was defeated. The matter was then referred back to the committee, and the question of federation remains in statu quo.

Through With Its Business.

COLUMBUS, O., October 24.—The extra session of the legislature, called by Governor Campbell to consider the alleged corruption in the municipal board at Cincinnati, concluded its business this afternoon, and adjourned to January 5, 1891, when the adjourned session begins. The bill became a law providing a non-partisan board of improvements for Cincinnati, to be appointed, to be in session until April, when their successors shall be elected. Joint senate and house committees were appointed, one to investigate the working of the departments at Cincinnati, and another on the municipal plan, and the best system of city government, both to report at the adjourned session.

He Is in Washington.—Mr. G. Lind, the architect in Washington, D. C., attending the convention of the American Institute of Architects being held in that city.

Laid to Rest.

Friday afternoon the remains of Mr. Bennett Harper were laid to rest in Oakland cemetery. Mr. Harper's death occurred at the residence of his brother, Mr. J. H. Harper, No. 49 Forsyth street, and the remains were laid to rest in Oakland.

Mr. Harper was an invalid for many years. He was about fifty years of age and was well beloved by all who knew him.

WADE HAMPTON

WILL VOTE FOR THE TILLMAN NOMINATIONS, BUT HIS SYMPATHIES ARE WITH HASKELL

He Writes a Letter to the State Chairman, Which Is Regarded as Stronger for Haskell Than for Tillman.

COLUMBIA, S. C., October 24.—[Special.]—For the past week the people of the state have been anxiously waiting for a promised letter from Senator Wade Hampton.

It came this evening.

General Hampton writes in response to State Chairman Irby, who requested him to take the stump in the interest of Captain Tillman.

The document is considered as favorable to the Haskell ticket, for while Senator Hampton pronounces the grave charges which have been made against Tillman, he endorses Haskell. It is far from what the Tillmanites expected.

Hampton declines to take part in a canvass or make any speeches. He thinks that such public demonstrations will do harm. He says the deplorable condition of the party could have been avoided if his advice in the summer campaign to have a general primary had been heeded.

WHAT THE LETTER SAYS.

Continuing he says:

I shall support the ticket nominated by the convention in September, but in doing this by no means endorse the grave charges which have been made against the democratic party of the state.

Honesty and integrity have marked every administration which has governed the state since 1870, and we shall, indeed, be fortunate if our officials in the future shall be as able, as patriotic and as honest as they have been for the last forty years.

I am compelled to support the September ticket, because I am a democrat, and because the democratic party is the only party that can be trusted to carry out its program.

I regret deeply that this latter ticket has been brought out, though I have the greatest respect for the gentlemen composing it, and I do not, for one moment, question the motives of those who nominated it. For the gallant and distinguished gentleman who is at its head, I entertain the highest possible regard and esteem. I cannot forget his eminent services to the state in peace and war.

To him we were largely indebted for the success that crowned our efforts in 1876, and there is no office in the gift of the state for which I would not earnestly and cordially support him.

He was endorsed by the recognized authority of the democratic party. His denunciation of him, and those whom he represents, is, in my opinion, unworthy of those who indulge in it, and it will only serve to exalt the unfortunate strife which now divides our party.

No one who knows Colonel Haskell can doubt his sincerity, his conscientiousness or his democracy. I certainly do not.

HASKELL'S MISTAKE.

And while I think he has made a great mistake in lending his name and influence to the movement inaugurated by his friends, I shall not denounce the man who was my comrade in war, who was one of the ablest and bravest officers in my command, and who was my trusted friend and advisor in 1876.

I do not venture to offer advice to my fellow-citizens, for my last honest effort to do so fell on a barren field, but I do appeal to them, by the glorious memories of '76, by all our hopes for the enduring prosperity of our state, to avoid all semblance of violence in the conduct of the election. Let every man who holds the honor of our state dear, constitute himself a special guardian of the peace, and let us prove to those who traduce us that whatever differences may exist between our party, we can settle it at the ballot box without resorting to intimidation, to fraud or to violence.

A CORNER IN NICKEL.

The Demand for the Metal by the Navy Department Causes Some Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, October 24.—Additional results of recent tests of armor plate at Annapolis are still coming to light. A demonstration of the superiority of nickel and steel alloy and the immediate appropriation of the sum of \$1,000,000 for the purchase of a quantity of nickel with which to alloy naval steel, had the effect of stimulating the nickel market to a marked degree.

The naval department had hardly begun to inquire into the amount of nickel on the market before it was found that the results of the tests had been seized upon abroad with remarkable celerity, and that there was to be keen competition in the market, already noted for vigorous and steady demand.

These facts have led to an examination of the possibilities of the United States as a nickel-producing country. All of the nickel used here has been purchased abroad, Canada being the nearest source of supply.

From information coming in an unofficial way to the department it appears, however, that there is a probability that the metal exists in this country in considerable quantity. It is asserted that mines of great value exist in Virginia.

For obvious reasons persons making assertions refuse to designate their location. Meanwhile, acting upon reports, at least one company is organized to develop these mines, so that the navy department officers are hopeful that any considerable enhancement of the market price of the nickel will be met and counteracted by an increased supply from domestic sources.

Lexington Races.

LEXINGTON, Ky., October 24.—Track muddy. First race, four furlongs, Houston won, Oriental second, Silverlight third. Time, 0:30 1/2.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile heats, Meckle won, Outlook second, Josie H. third. Time, 1:20 1/2.

Third race, four furlongs, Allen won, Outlook second, Josie H. third. Time, 1:22 1/2.

Fourth race, mile and sixteenth, Adrienne won, Eli second, Tenacity third. Time, 1:25 1/2.

Fifth race, six furlongs, Tom Mackin won, Penny Royal second, Yale third. Time, 1:21 1/2.

Melrose Park Races.

ROANOKE, Va., October 24.—First race, trotting, 2:30 class, one mile, three in five, Checkmate won, Walter R. second. Time 2:46, 2:40 1/2, 2:45.

Second race, trotting, 2:40 class, one mile, two in three, Mary T. won, Virginia Belle second. Time 1:27 1/2, 1:31 1/2.

Third race, one-quarter mile dash, Repudiator won, Katie C. second. Time 2:30.

A Big Reward Offered.

RALPH, N. C., October 24.—[Special.]—Governor Fowle today offered \$400 reward for H. G. Morrison, who murdered his wife on George Vanderbilt's farm near Asheville.

Edward Sullivan, of Philadelphia, Pa., grandfather of the murdered woman, has offered \$500 reward for the murderer.

The governor was today informed. Morrison is said to be eighteen years old, and very small in size. He is a quadroon and looks like a farm hand.

His murder of his wife, Rhoda Morrison, has caused much excitement in the western part of the state.

The Proposition Reported Adversely.

JACKSON, Miss., October 24.—[Special.]—The judiciary committee of the convention today reported upon the proposition of Mr. Talbot to disqualify negroes from holding office, as follows:

"That in their opinion a provision which shall disqualify a majority of the citizens of the state for holding office on account of race or color would violate the spirit of the constitution of the United States. The legislation of congress in pursuance thereof would provoke the enforcement of the constitution by the people of the people of the United States of a republican form of government."

Female Suffrage in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., October 24.—[Special.]—The question of woman suffrage was revived tonight, in the franchise committee, which by one majority voted not to confer the power upon the legislature to enfranchise women upon any conditions. The adverse report will be fought when it reaches the convention.

Died from His Injuries.

ANNISTON, Ala., October 24.—[Special.]—Lawrence Pilkington, a brakeman on the Alabama Great Southern road, fell from the cars at Tannehill, a few miles below Birmingham, Wednesday, and received injuries from which he died a few hours later.

Sheriff Saunders Coming.

RALPH, N. C., October 24.—[Special.]—Sheriff Saunders, of Montgomery county, left here today for Dalton, Ga., after Abe McQueen, who recently murdered John McPherson in Montgomery county.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

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THE POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY

FOR NOVEMBER.

THE ORIGIN OF MUSIC.—An article by Herbert Spencer, in which he discusses the opposing views of Darwin and others.

THE RELATIONS OF MEN OF SCIENCE TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.—Presidential Address at this year's meeting of the American Association. The author points out the ways by which scientific men may become more useful and better appreciated.

By Professor T. C. Mendenhall.

ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES.

THE ROOT-TIP.—By Frederick LeRoy Sargent.

MY CLASS IN GEOMETRY.—By George Des.

HABITS OF THE BOX TORTOISE.—By A. G. Mayer, M. E.

THE LOGIC OF FREE TRADE AND PROTECTION.—By Arthur Kison.

"The History of a Star," by Professor J. Norman Lockyer. "Some Lessons from Barbarism," by Elton Goodale. "The Use of Alcohol in Medicine," by A. G. Bartley, M.D. "Human Selection," by Alfred Russell Wallace. "School Life in Relation to Growth and Health," by Professor A. Key.

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SHOT TO DEATH.

A WHITE MAN ASSASSINATED IN FULFILLING HIS DUTY.

By a Colored Man Who Had a Grudge Against Him for Testifying in a Case in Court.

HAWKINSVILLE, Ga., October 24.—[Special.] Last night on the road leading through Pine Level, a suburb of Hawkinsville, just two miles from this place, Mr. C. H. Mitchell was assassinated in a most dastardly manner.

Mr. Wiley Crozier and Charles H. Mitchell were driving home in a wagon, and they were followed at a distance of about forty yards by two other gentlemen.

As the first wagon passed the school house, a man stepped out on the right hand side of the road and fired at Mr. Mitchell. The shot went true to its mark, entering the brain above the right ear and killing him instantly.

At the report of the pistol, the mule dashed forward and Mr. Crozier was thrown from the wagon, the fall breaking two of his ribs. The mule continued his flight until he arrived at the dead man's home, a distance of three or four miles from the scene of the assassination.

The MURDERER ARRESTED.

This morning, a negro, Jason Flowers, was arrested as the murderer, one of the gentlemen in the second wagon having recognized him by the flash of the pistol.

The negro had stated that he would be revenged on Mr. Mitchell for having testified in a case in the superior court in which he (Flowers) was convicted of a misdemeanor.

THE VERDICT RENDERED.

The coroner's jury returned a verdict, in substance, that the deceased came to his death by a pistol wound; that the crime was murder in the first degree, and that Jason Flowers was the assassin. The people in the Mitchell settlement are very much excited over the murder. The county officers feared that an effort would be made to lynch the negro, so they sent him to Macon this afternoon, guarded by one of the bravest and most resolute men in the county.

THE COFFEE COUNTY RIOT.

The People Would Hang Varn if They Could Get Him.

WAYCROSS, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—The report furnished THE CONSTITUTION yesterday, as to the true causes and extent of the Coffee county riot, was based on personal investigation, and, upon further inquiry, will prove correct.

Mr. Varn, who was alleged to have been leading the rioters, stated that he is able to prove that his advice to the negroes was in the interest of peace, and that he did his best to suppress riotous proceedings.

On the other hand, it is but fair to record that some people entertain a different view. While they admit that everything is quiet now at the scene of the double murder, yet over 200 men are pursuing the rioters, and great uneasiness prevails.

One of these people, referring to the presence of Varn in Waycross, says:

"It is well for him that he is here, for the indignant citizens of Coffee and Ware would have him as high as Haman could they lay hands on him. The story about Thomas Sears shooting one of Varn's wagoners is false, as he is able to prove an alibi by more than half a dozen of the best citizens of Coffee county."

PUTS AN END TO HIS LIFE.

W. B. Higgins, the Wife Murderer, Commits Suicide.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., October 24.—[Special.]—W. B. Higgins, who killed his wife, Mrs. Nannie B. Higgins, at the residence of Mrs. Barnett, one mile from Lebanon, hanged himself in the Lebanon jail last night. He tore a strip from his blanket, and tied it around a grate about seven and one-half feet from the floor. He then looped a large red cotton handkerchief that he had wound around his neck through the blanket rope, and standing on an inverted bucket, tied it around his neck. He then took his feet off the bucket and choked to death with his toes on the floor.

Soon after Higgins was taken in custody he expressed great fear that a mob would take him from the jail and hang him, and excitedly begged the jailer to defend him.

TOO MUCH CHLORFORM.

A Prominent Lumberman Comes to His Death.

SUMMERVILLE, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—M. E. Chevis, a prominent lumberman, residing six miles west of Summerville, was found dead in bed yesterday morning. Mr. Chevis was overcome by chloroform in using it to produce sleep. The bottle was still in his hand in an inhaling position when his condition was discovered. Mr. Chevis has a brother living at Bluffton, Ala., and was originally from Michigan.

TO BE HANGED FOR RAPE.

Henry County to Put a Guilty Wretch Out of the Way.

McDONOUGH, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—John Barry, colored, was tried for rape, found guilty and sentenced to be hanged on the 20th day of December. John is a bad negro, and committed a dastardly crime on a white lady near this place about four months ago.

THE FIST DISTRICT.

Congressman Lester Speaks in Brunswick.

BUNSWICK, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—Colonel Lester and Mr. Doyle were billed to speak here today. Doyle's meeting failed to materialize, owing to Doyle's suffering with an ulcerated throat, and was postponed until Friday next.

Colonel Lester arrived this morning, and spent the day in driving and in entertaining scores of friends who flocked around him.

Tonight, long before the time announced for the speaking, the courthouse was packed. His supporters assembled to give him a rousing reception.

When he was introduced by Judge Spencer R. Atkinson, he was received with rounds of cheers. As soon as quiet was restored he began speaking, during which he was frequently interrupted by applause.

THE EPISCOPAL CONVOCATION.

An Interesting Meeting of the Preachers Held in Rome.

ROME, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—The convocation of Episcopal ministers assembled in Rome this week, and have had a very interesting meeting. The exercises held were well attended and very entertaining.

The convocation adjourned last evening, after session of three days. Exercises were held both morning and evening.

Among the distinguished clergy present were: Dean R. S. Barrett, of Atlanta; J. J. Hunt, L. E. Mason, J. C. Jones, H. E. Reese, W. H. Hunt, and C. C. H. Hudgins.

TOM WOOLFOLK

LOOKING DOWN THE LONG LANE OF ETERNITY.

He Will Certainly Swing from the Gallows on the 29th—He Says He Is Ready, and Has Become a Christian.

MACON, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—There now seems to be no help for Tom Woolfolk, and the indications are that he will surely hang on Wednesday, October 29th, by the neck, at Perry, until he is dead.

The CONSTITUTION is reliably informed today by a party who is certainly in position to know, that Woolfolk's attorneys will make no further effort in his behalf, and the execution on the scaffold will occur at the law's appointed time unless Woolfolk commits suicide or he dies in his cell by the hand of providence in some natural manner.

Captain John C. Rutherford is still in Athens, where he spent a short while ago to recuperate his health, which has not been good since Woolfolk's first trial in the winter of 1887.

It has been reported that Woolfolk has made a confession of guilt to Captain Rutherford, but as Captain Rutherford is not in town, THE CONSTITUTION could not get the report affirmed or denied. Parties very close to Captain Rutherford say, however, that they doubt any such confession having been made, and say the captain has never informed them that Woolfolk had confessed.

Editor Hodges, of The Perry Home Journal, had a long interview this week with Woolfolk. Mr. Hodges is in Macon today, and told THE CONSTITUTION of the interview, a synopsis of which is given here.

In answer to a question concerning any statement he proposed to make, Woolfolk said: "I've got nothing to say beyond what I have said time and again. I'm an innocent man, and will protest my innocence to the last. I didn't do what they say I did."

Continuing he said: "Life in prison is a life of torture, and I am ready to die. I would rather die now than to remain in prison another year."

He says he reads his Bible every day and night, and prays regularly.

In reply to the remark:

"Tom, you are the most philosophical man in the face of death I ever saw," he said: "Yes, because I expect to die on the 29th, and I am ready. I am trying to lead a Christian life, and I have repented and received forgiveness for my sins. I have given my heart to God, and my entire trust is placed in the mercy of my Savior, Jesus Christ. He prefers the Baptist church to any other."

He does not expect any further intercession in his behalf, and repeated the assertion that he was ready for the execution, and that he prefers death to continued confinement without hope of final release.

The execution will take place on Wednesday, the 29th, just on the western limit of the town, and near where Fanny Greenham branch crosses into Big Shallow creek. This is a valley of about five acres, surrounded by hills on three sides, a natural amphitheater—affording room for 10,000 people or more.

The gallows on which Ed Johnson and Jim Butts, the Miller murderers, were hung, will be the last object Tom Woolfolk will touch in life—unless some act of proceedings now unknown for intercession.

The arrangements will be completed by Monday night, at the latest, and a strong armed guard will be under the command of Sheriff Cooper on the 29th.

Many believe that Woolfolk will confess to having committed the crime with which he stands charged, despite his incessant protestations of innocence.

He is certainly a changed man, and he says continued imprisonment for more than three years would change any man for the better who believes in a God and a future life. He does not use profane language now, whereas eighteen months ago oaths frequently escaped his lips.

PRISONERS BURNED THE JAIL.

And Made a Desperate but Unsuccessful Effort to Escape.

MACON, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—Sheriff Scarborough, of Laurens county, arrived in Macon today with four negro prisoners, who burned down the jail at Dublin on Tuesday night and made a desperate effort to escape. The prisoners have been brought to Macon for safe keeping in the jail here.

Editor J. A. Hancock, of The Dublin Post is the city today, and he gives this description of the following account of the jail burning:

Tuesday night, about 10:30 o'clock, the alarm of fire was sounded in Dublin by the ringing of the town bell. Those who heard it rushed to the scene of conflagration, which proved to be the county jail.

There were four prisoners in the jail awaiting the January superior court: Turner Hill, charged with rape; Lewis Griffin, attempt to murder; Exam Pitts, stealing; and Pinck Planter, murder of his brother-in-law, Sam Montford.

It is evident that they are tired of jail life, and one of the number set fire to the building with the hope of liberating the whole party. But the fire got too much for them, and they were forced to call for help, which they did lustily, or perish in the flames. Jailer Hudson went to their rescue just in time to save them from the flames. As soon as he unlocked the door they made their last desperate effort to escape, but as each one passed the jailer, he was shot dead, and he gave a shout of triumph as he fell.

Henry, who was standing a few steps below, tripped them, landing them at the bottom of the steps in reversed positions. At this juncture the jailer's appearance of Marshal Cowart, Mr. George Bangs, and others with presented weapons, prevented the final "leave of absence" they so much desired.

The prisoners were given berths in the guardhouse, and guards placed on duty to prevent any further effort to escape.

IMPORTANT ARRIVALS.

The Bondholders Are Here to Inspect the Covington and Macon Road.

MACON, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—It is possible that the Covington and Macon road will not be put up at public outcry, as has been anticipated, but that it will be taken possession of by the bondholders, who will advance what money is necessary to relieve present needs, and will operate it under a new management.

Last night Messrs. Shipworth, Wilmer, W. C. Shaw and Richard W. Venable, of Baltimore, representing the bondholders of the Covington and Macon road, arrived in Macon and registered at the Hotel Lanier. They are here to inspect the road and all its property, and some interesting developments may grow out of their visit.

Application for Bond.

MACON, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—Captain J. H. Smith, who was brought to Macon a few days since in jail, charged with the murder of Renow, the man suspected of having assassinated Captain J. C. Forsyth, was carried to Eastman today to be present at the hearing of the estate of Samuel Renow, deceased.

A Bad Accident.

MACON, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—This afternoon, little Walter, the five-year old son of Jailer Nat Birdsong, fell off a fence and badly broke his arm. Walter is a splendid little fellow, well liked by everybody, and there is much regret about the accident.

A Refrigerator Building.

AUGUSTA, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—Nelson, Morris & Co., the big meat packers, have contracted for a refrigerator building, to be put up in this city, at a corner of Walker and Taylor streets. It will be a two-story building, and will be a very large one.

THE TRADES' DISPLAY.

A VERY FINE DAY AND A GREAT CROWD.

The Display Is Pronounced to Have Been a Success in Every Respect—Its Principal Features Described.

MACON, Ga., October 24.—[Special.]—Today was Macon's great trades' display. The affair was a brilliant and grand success in every particular. It was certainly the most elaborate thing of the kind ever seen in the state.

Persons who saw the displays at Atlanta and Augusta say that Macon's far eclipsed them. It is estimated that at least 20,000 visitors were in the city, and the entire populace of Macon turned out. The streets were packed with a teeming mass of humanity. Macon has never known such a day in her history.

She was beautifully arrayed in holiday attire. Houses and stores were elaborately and handsomely decorated. Flags were flying and banners were being displayed. It was indeed a gala occasion.

The display was a great evidence of Macon's enterprise and thrift. A magnificent testimonial to the progressiveness and prosperity of Macon's commercial people.

The idea of having a trades' display originated with Macon's popular and enterprising evening paper, The News, and that journal, which commenced the work of arousing the people's interest in the movement, never ceased its efforts in behalf of the grand affair until the hour of the parade. In recognition of the services of The News, the management placed the very elegant float of The News at the head of the procession. Colonel William H. Ross was marshal of the day, assisted by George H. Plant, Charles O. Carnes, Harry Mix and Samuel R. Hunter, as chiefs of divisions, and Paul Willingham, W. E. Dunwoody, G. N. Porter and E. H. Hodgkins, as aides.

In the procession were 200 floats, all very handsome. They represented the leading business firms of the city. The procession was headed by Chief of Police Keenan and a detachment of mounted officers, who kept the route in line, and the mayor and council in carriages. Next came the members of the Southern Travelers' Association, who walked in single file.

Then followed the long line of floats, headed by The Evening News's float. The enterprise of The CONSTITUTION in coming 100 miles in the line was highly complimented. The Telegraph also had a float.

There were five bands in the procession, to-wit: Fourth Artillery of Atlanta; Cobb's of Savannah; Middleton of Savannah; Columbus band and Card's of Macon. These bands tonight held an open air concert on Mulberry street. There was also a pyrotechnic display at the same time.

The following is the organization of the trades' display: President, J. J. Van; fourth vice president, F. H. Richardson; treasurer, H. M. Wortham; secretary, Tom Loyless. Many of the floats were highly decorated. The floats of Macon, Georgia, and the city of Macon, were particularly attractive.

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"Look Here"

UPON THIS PICTURE.

THE RESULTS OF mercury, even in the hands of a skillful physician, are to be dreaded in the hands of the populace it becomes exceedingly dangerous; and when compounded into nostrums by ignorant hands it becomes fatal.

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ATLANTA, GA., OCTOBER 25, 1890.

Halstead on Hill.

Editor Murat Halstead, who is far from the scene of strife, has begun to make mouths at Governor Hill on account of the boldness which he displays in carrying a load of genuine democracy into McKinley's district. Editor Halstead is a very able man, and not a bad-looking one when in repose, but when he begins to make mouths he ceases to be handsome, and his powerful style drops into flabbiness.

There are various things that Mr. Halstead has done and can do, but his experience with J. B. Forsaker and others of that kind ought to convince him that there are some things he cannot do, even with the aid of a Brooklyn republican organ. He cannot, for instance, succeed in belittling the campaign that Governor Hill has been making in McKinley's district, nor can he, by a fluent use of the term "peanut statesman," draw public attention away from the fact that the reception of New York's democratic governor in Ohio has been in the nature of a spontaneous and overwhelming ovation. Even the republican correspondents have remarked on these things, and, while they may be surprising to a man like Mr. Halstead who has seen proper to bury his talents in a suburb of New York city, it is a very easy matter to account for them.

In the first place, Mr. Hill is governor of the great empire state of New York; in the second place, he is a democrat who believes thoroughly in the principles that he advocates; and, in the third place, the democratic people, perceiving the nature and extent of the victories he has won in New York state, with the odds against him, instinctively feel that he is a leader worthy to lead.

If the newspapers, both democratic and republican, are to be believed, Governor Hill has succeeded in stirring up a perfect whirlwind of democratic enthusiasm in McKinley's district, and it is admitted on all sides that the canvass he has made there has turned the tide in favor of the democratic candidate. Of the speeches he has delivered in behalf of the democratic party in McKinley's district, we have been permitted to read only scraggy outlines, but even these show beyond question that he has infused new life and dignity into the discussion, and that he has managed to imbue the democrats who have heard him with something of his own earnestness, energy and enthusiasm.

Mr. Halstead's chief complaint is, that Governor Hill is posing as a candidate for the presidency. If this is true, it is a laudable ambition, and we may be permitted to say that when he poses in the direction of bringing about democratic success he is going at it in the right way. More important just now than even the presidency—which is a matter for the future—is democratic success in the congressional elections, and this Governor Hill is striving to bring about.

Signs in the West.

Some of our partisan contemporaries are convinced that democratic orators in the west are wasting the best part of their time in denouncing the McKinley bill, and the statement is made that their auditors know that there is no foundation for the dire results they predict.

We have it from them that the farmers of the west are perfectly satisfied with the bill and are sure that it will work out "all right in the end," and they are very generally warning these democratic orators to leave the west alone.

This is a sure sign that the democrats have the winning cards in the west; that the republicans know that the farmers are dissatisfied, and in regard to this bill, they fear the very denunciations they deride in their partisan pages. It is evident that the democrats are gaining ground in the west, and that the work of democratic orators is exercising a wholesome influence among the people, and they will not be frightened off by the criticisms of republican newspapers.

Mr. McKinley has sought to enlist every influential republican in the country in his service. He sees that his popularity among his constituents is waning, and that the issue is doubtful. In the far west the republicans are disorganized; in some sections the party has split and a people's party, with decided democratic tendencies, has been formed. The farmers of Kansas are in revolt. The voice of Ingalls is drowned by the indignant protests of the people and the chances for democratic success are bright. The "democratic orators" are at work there!

It is vain for republican newspapers to attempt to bolster up Mr. McKinley's infamously bill and to seek to pacify the people by praising its various provisions and holding out the hope that it will result in future benefit to the country. The people are wiser than the politicians.

Republican Campaign Funds.

The New York World, in discussing the practical situation in the south, says that the republican party in a number of southern states is without organization and leadership. But our contemporary is mistaken when it asserts that the party receives no support from the national republican headquarters—"no 'boodle,'" as The World puts it.

It is true that while a partisan republican majority in congress, against all precedent, all sense of right and justice, can bar the doors on legally elected democrats and count their southern allies in, it is not absolutely necessary for a republican candidate in the south to have a majority. The mere fact that he was a candidate for office and was defeated, is enough. Fraud is presumed where none exists, and the republican takes

his seat. Hence the idea that republican "boodle" is not needed in southern districts. But, for all that, republican money is at work in nearly every section of the south where the party is strong enough to make a showing. And this is notably the case in Georgia, where republican leaders have rallied their scattered forces for the congressional fight. This money is keeping the party alive here. It comes from Washington, and has been scattered broadcast through a number of districts where the democrats are antagonized by the republicans. The charge has been made that the fourth district in this state has been flooded with it, and the republicans are trying to buy the election of their candidate.

The fact is, wherever republican "boodle" is needed it is always forthcoming, and the party is making a more determined fight in the south than heretofore. Though scattered through the states in small handfuls, the republicans are sticking closer together, and are well organized.

The democrats should not allow themselves to be lulled into a false sense of security by the statement that the enemy is weak and has no reinforcements in the rear. Every man who has sworn allegiance to the democratic party should emphasize that allegiance with his vote, and the full strength of the party should be registered in the coming congressional elections.

Information for a Contemporary.

The Nashville American seems to be very much troubled in the mind about the democratic party in Georgia, the Farmers' Alliance, the subtreasury plan and the attitude of THE CONSTITUTION. Taking its cue from some of our belated contemporaries, who have never on any occasion been really in touch with the people, and who devote the most of their time to abusing THE CONSTITUTION, our Nashville contemporary proceeds to comment on a situation in Georgia that exists only in the imagination of those who have been trying for several months to stir up strife in Georgia.

The American calmly states that it knows the democratic party in Georgia "is threatened by the sharp divisions in its ranks caused by the very question" meaning the subtreasury plan. And yet, if THE AMERICAN knows anything about this situation, it ought to know that no such division is threatened by the subtreasury plan, for that plan is not even up for discussion. It would have been a very easy matter to have stirred up the sort of strife our contemporary is depicting if THE CONSTITUTION had permitted itself to be drawn into an unnecessary discussion of the subtreasury measure. But this has been avoided, and the measure is not an issue in the democratic party in Georgia, and has not been.

It is true, there are democratic papers which are doing their utmost to treat it as an issue, and which seem to be making an effort to drive the farmers out of the party, but the influence of these papers is not as large as it might be and their utterances have no weight.

There is one fact to which we desire to call the attention of THE AMERICAN, so as to relieve the tension of its powerful mind, and that is this: When the democratic state convention met in Atlanta during the summer, the majority of the delegates were democratic allaners. They had control of the body and the making of its utterances; but when the platform made its appearance there was no mention made of the subtreasury plan. The measure had been deliberately shelved for the sake of democratic harmony and unity.

The situation, therefore, is this: While the democratic allaners themselves have refused to make an issue of the measure in the democratic party, there are some editors who persist in regarding it as an issue, and, in their blindness, they are quite willing to drive the farmers out of the party—if they can.

Professor H. C. White.

In the retirement of Professor H. C. White from the office of state chemist, Georgia sustains a positive loss.

Several weeks ago the professor gave notice that he would not accept reappointment. His election to the presidency of the State Agricultural College, and the proposed removal of the office of the state chemist to Atlanta, decided his course. He felt that it was his duty to resign the latter position and devote his time and energies to the institution of which he is the head.

Professor White is one of the most distinguished chemists in the country. He has made the office he held in Georgia what it is, and his long service and devotion to his favorite science has been of far-reaching benefit to the public. As the president of the State Agricultural College it is safe to predict for him a career of extended usefulness. In the ranks of our men of science, it would be difficult to point out one of his age who has achieved as much in the past, or whose future gives equal promise of brilliant or solid results.

A New Style of Reporting.

The Illustrated American has a new feature. It utilizes the methods of the reporter in literary way.

In recent issues this bright and original periodical dresses up the Birchall-Bennell murder and the McGonegal-Goodwin tragedy in the shape of stories. All the names, dates and important facts are used, but uninteresting and coarse details are eliminated. Fancy follows on the heels of fact, and supplies graphic touches of description and dialogue. It is all life-like and realistic. The readers of these reporting stories get as clear an idea of the facts as they would from the columns of the daily papers, and enjoy all the pleasure that they would desire from reading fiction. In its current issue THE AMERICAN takes the corrupt and startling career of Matt Quay, and, while sticking closely to the generally accepted version, turns it into a thrilling sketch. Quay's sudden rise from poverty and obscurity, his dishonest tampering with the treasury of his state, his wild orgies and his desperate plight, when in hourly dread of exposure, he told a friend that he was trying to decide whether to cut his throat or drown himself—all these matters are portrayed with great power. Then we are told how Don Cameron came to the rescue, and for the sake of the party and Quay's family paid the \$100,000 deficit in the treasury. The stirring narrative ends with Quay's vindication by his election to the office of state treasurer, and his promotion to the chairmanship of the national republican committee.

This experiment is already a success, and it will make its influence felt upon the writers of the day. But if it is a good thing to throw the reporter into literature, why would it not be just as well to throw literature into the reporter? What we mean is this: If people rush after a magazine in which the actual events of real life are set forth with all the charms of fiction, why engraft this feature upon our daily papers, when the reporter has a sensation that has sufficient tragedy or romance in it to make it worthy of such treatment?

Perhaps we are entering on an era of journalism in which the Thackerays and Dickens of our time will win fame and fortune as special writers or reporters on our great newspapers. The daily press is rapidly absorbing everything that the people desire to read. Its facts have been borrowed by the novelist, and it will get even by borrowing the imagination and the style of the novelist.

Campaign Slanders.

With certain Georgia newspapers the present campaign is one of abuse alone. In the effort to weaken the influence of candidates to whom they are opposed, they are quick to seize on every slander which is manufactured by a man's political enemies, and to give the same the publicity and endorsement of their columns.

We had hoped that we would have been spared much of the abuse which has entered into this campaign, but the hope has not been realized. A Georgia newspaper recently made charges of the most infamous nature against Hon. L. F. Livingston, the democratic nominee for congress from this district. They were slanders invented for political purposes. The names of some of the most distinguished gentlemen in the state were offered in evidence—as witnesses to the truth of these charges.

But what is the result? Governor-elect Northern was said to be one of these witnesses. But he has declared that the charges against Colonel Livingston are untrue. The other gentlemen who were mentioned likewise deny all knowledge of the conduct with which Colonel Livingston is charged. One by one they step forward and vindicate him.

Colonel J. M. Mobley's name was down as one of these witnesses. In yesterday's Enquirer-Sun that gentleman also vindicates Colonel Livingston in emphatic terms.

"Thus Are Campaign Slanders Exploded" was the substance of Colonel Livingston's reply to his defamers. He asked for an instant and thorough investigation of the charges, and the result is his complete vindication.

THE REPUBLICAN theory is that a poor man is a fraud, but that party is particular to enact legislation that will make the poor poorer.

THOSE WHO want to find the surplus should look in the bowels of the republican octopus.

MR. JASON GOULD has named it. It is "the one coat tariff."

MR. ROBERT P. PORTER seems to be a counter-jumper.

QUAY'S SILENCE has sickened a good many decent republicans, but he still has a warm place in Mr. Benjamin Harrison's bosom.

THE REPUBLICAN idea that low prices make cheap men is one for farmers and laboring men to study over.

THE CINCINNATI COMMERCIAL GAZETTE remarks that "the government is making no mistake in offering a little encouragement, by way of tariff protection, to American farmers." On this it may be remarked that the farmers are making no mistake in protesting against an "encouragement" that levies fresh burdens of taxation on them.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

YOUNG MR. G. W. CUMMINGS, the California stage robber, is a victim of the educational craze. He wanted a better education than the country schools afforded, and not having the money to pay for it, he would not let the state pay for it. He told his story in court, but it did not soften the heart of the judge, and he was committed in default of \$10,000. When Cummings had a lawyer, and there is no doubt that he was prepared to blow out the brains of any stage passenger who refused to turn over his money, in his efforts to secure a complete education the young man was not going to let a trifling like human life stand in his way.

JESSE POMEROY, the Boston boy murderer, although sentenced for life, has been allowed the use of tools in his cell. Jesse is no fool, and he went to work the other day to saw his way out of prison. He was discovered in time, and his tools were taken from him. He has given no end of trouble for years past, and is a terror to the officials.

THE MAYOR of Long Island City is a man of very bad judgment. He assaulted a reporter the other day, and is now repenting his folly in jail. He had applied for a new trial, and his petition was granted. He is now in jail, and his petition was granted. He is now in jail, and his petition was granted.

THE FAILURE to revive an old penalty in New York is a common-sense move. The failure to convict a Gutterburg lady of being a common scold is a loss to the picturesque on one side of life, compensated by gain on another, for she is now free to exercise a remarkable tongue. True, she emerged from the time-cowed and whimpering, and great-grandfather in his little round jacket, jumped up and down, and cried "Whop-ee!" Then all abraded to the tavern, and West Inj run, or peach brandy, or the guileful appeal, the cockles of their hearts till an earnest fight, with gouging and biting, closed the diversions of the day. Those were men, indeed, to wallow the British and begot sons of the revolution."

A SATURDAY FROLIC.

Editor Gann is laboring on his Carrier's Christmas address. He assures the public that he will "make it rhyme," if it takes a year to do it.

A Georgia editor has patented a saw. All that he needs now is a load of wood.

As the result of a recent revival in Banks county, the editor of THE GAZETTE makes this timely announcement: "We will sell Bibles and hymn books and a number of other kind of books cheap for the next thirty days. You can get them at 25 per cent discount."

Editor Tison, of THE RICHMOND GAZETTE, has a free pass now, but he always misses the train.

Positive boom, comparative booming, superlative bust. Editors who swear to imaginary circulations should make a note of this.

The Whitesburg Advance is flourishing.

Who will not endorse this prayer of a Georgia editor: Let me not feel another's woe, What'er my lot may be; For one man's misery here below Is quite enough for me!

Larry Gant has been pondering over graveyards of forgotten dead.

With its issue of Thursday THE PICKENS county Herald entered upon its fourth volume.

The Lee County News is doing good work for Smithville and vicinity, and its editor has met with great success. He recently came within ten votes of being nominated for coroner.

GOSSIP IN THE CORRIDORS.

Colonel McHenry, ex-mayor of Madison, was in the city last night, having just returned from a visit through the seventh congressional district. "From what I could learn on my trip," said the colonel, "Dr. Felton is greatly gaining strength, and indications are that he will be elected, unless the supporters of Everett can make a better showing at the polls than they are making now. The impression conveyed to me by politicians that I met is that the old doctor is going to make a very lively race. He is also informed by men who are in a position to know that Governor Gordon was gaining strength. In my district, the eighth, Mr. Lawson, who has no opposition, will be easily elected to congress."

A well-known newspaper man who has been bitterly opposed to Dr. Felton all through the present campaign, was seen at the Kimball last night. "As you well know," said he, "I have not favored Dr. Felton's candidacy, but a recent visit to the seventh district where I met and mingled with prominent men who represent both factions in the congressional race forces me to change my opinion as to the result. From what I can learn—and I believe the information to be reliable—Dr. Felton has gained material strength, and as the indications now point to a strong support for him from the negro vote, I am led to believe that Dr. Felton will be elected to the next congress."

"I see from Gossip in the Corridors," said a well-known Columbus man, who knows the history of his native city and her people thoroughly, "that some good democrats and business men of the fourth congressional district will vote for Walter Johnson for congress upon the ground that he is a clever man, socially, and being a good republican will be in a position to secure a custom house and other advantages for Columbus that a democrat could not obtain on account of Johnson's influence with the republican party. Now before these good democrats make up their minds to support the republican candidate, it might be as well to advise them to inquire of the older citizens where Walter Johnson stood in the dark days of reconstruction, and in what direction his influence was thrown when a number of the best and truest young men of Columbus were put in jeopardy of their liberty and their lives."

Colonel A. H. Machen, the well-known railroad man, was in Atlanta last night, and being in a talkative humor, discussed the railroad situation. "I read your 'Railroad Rumblings' with much interest," said he, "for I am compelled to rely upon THE CONSTITUTION for my railroad news. In regard to new railroad enterprises now contemplated I would say that a direct line of railroad from Atlanta to Savannah can be built in 240 miles. The saving in distance would be fifty-four miles over the shortest line now running. This short line can be built and equipped for less money than the fifty-four miles that would be saved, is now capitalized for."

With a seal line built to the sea coast and entirely independent of all other lines, the cheapness of its cost would enable it to do business for so much less than does at present it could declare handsome dividends at one-half the present rates of freight.

The ocean is free, and any railroad that can supply business can get steamers or other vessels to come to it and bid for its business.

Atlanta pays about \$2,000,000 for incoming freight per annum.

With an independent line built for cash on prospect, the cost of incoming rates could be so lowered that there would be a saving of twenty per cent over present rates; fifteen per cent saved would amount to \$300,000 per annum.

Ten years saving in freight charges would pay the entire cost of building and equipping a road to the sea to say nothing of the great advantage of having low rates.

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he brave and true men that they are, the farmers decided to stand by their platform. If an allanerman or an allanance paper has uttered or published one word about Governor Gordon that could possibly be tortured into abuse or persecution has escaped our eyes. In discussing the political issues this distinguished candidate has been treated with respect and courtesy.

GENERAL GEORGIA NEWS.

There is said to be a church every three miles in Banks county.

The Seventh Day Adventists will probably build a \$10,000 college at Alpharetta.

The citizens of Fort Valley are agitating the subject of a fruit and vegetable canning establishment.

The Savannah river is rising rapidly near Augusta, but there are no fears of an overflow.

The following notice of a marriage at Brownwood is furnished by the Madison Advertiser:

"An exceptional and unique marriage occurred recently on Mr. M. L. Carter's farm. The bride was a mixture of Italian, Guinea, Indian and negro—therefore we suppose a mule. The groom was seventy-one and the bride seventy-seven years of age."

The Austell Advertiser sums up the situation in that district in the following lines:

The humming bird by day,
The bustling horn by night,
Gives cotton bagging away
And the farmer boy delight.

A strange fact seems to follow the gin recently put up near Emily by Messrs. Burnett & Hill. About two weeks ago Volney Burnett had his hand caught in the gin and frightfully mangled. Dr. J. B. Cant removing three of his fingers.

The Savannah police are on the lookout for S. D. DeLeon, a young man who registered at the Pulkasi on October 11th, went out for a walk last Friday night and has not been seen since. He left a trunk full of valuable clothing and other articles at the hotel, and it is feared that he has met with an accident. He is about twenty years old, and registered from St. Catherine's, N. S. He is five feet ten inches in height, weighs about 140 pounds and has brown, curly hair and blue eyes.

In Richmond county there is a grave which has a curious history. A jealous husband left in his will that his body be buried at his front steps, as a constant reminder to the widow of the deceased. The request was complied with, but this time the grave was not used. The widow, at once and the place and soon married again. All evidence of a grave have disappeared.

When the editor of THE ATHENS BANNER was living in St. James Creek parish, near Chatham, Ga., he once found a large iron box in an old field, badly eaten with rust. Thoroughly curious, he secured a hammer, and assisted by two negroes, broke a hole into it, but some charred human bones and a small key that unlocked the chest were all that rewarded his pains. It was afterward learned that in the early settlement of Carolina an old bachelor left in his will \$10,000 to anyone who would place a bottle filled with wine and dropped into a hole in Cooper river, where bottom was never found, and the other left in the coffin. A poor young man complied with the will and was paid \$10,000. The rest of the man's money he buried, and no one ever found it. He believed that if a person's body was buried in this world, he would escape fire in the next. The iron chest is doubtless still where it was left.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

Officials Going to Indiana to Vote—The Supreme Court Vacancy.

WASHINGTON, October 24.—The pension bureau today made a requisition upon the treasury department for \$25,000,000 to meet the demand for pensions under the act of June 27, 1850, as well as of those under old laws, for the next two months.

Treasurer Huston and Third Auditor Hart have gone to Indiana to take part in the election campaign.

Private Secretary Halford and Marshal Randall, all of that state, will also go home to vote, but it is not regarded as likely that the president will vote this year.

It is practically settled that the vacancy on the supreme court bench will not be filled until after the meeting of congress in December.

The cruiser Philadelphia has been ordered to undergo a sea trial next Wednesday. She is now at Tompkinsville, S. I. This will be the first time since she was launched that she will be brought to light any imperfection in construction, for which the contractors may be liable.

JACK THE RIPPER AGAIN.

Another Scare in London Over the Finding of a Dead Body.

LONDON, October 24.—The "Jack the Ripper" scare has again caused a sensation among the police and residents of South Hampstead locality. Tonight in a secluded part of that neighborhood, passers-by were shocked by finding in an obscure alley the dead body of a woman, whose head had been nearly severed, while her body showed evidences of kicks and bruises, in themselves sufficient to cause death. While up to the present no knowledge has been obtained as to who the victim was, it seems very evident that she was a woman of low repute, and this was sufficient to start the cry, "Jack the Ripper is here at work again."

The police have actively begun operations in search for the murderer, but thus far no arrests have been made.

MORE SUMMONSES SERVED.

On the Defendants in the Trial at Tipperary.

TIPPERARY, October 24.—Summonses have been served upon Harrison, member of the house of commons for the middle division of Tipperary, Michael O'Brien Daele, who is one of the defendants in the conspiracy case now here, and upon a number of other persons on the charge of assembling the police at the time of opening the conspiracy trial. The trial will take place before the assizes, but a preliminary hearing will be held before an ordinary court of petty sessions. The action of the crown in transferring the case from the magistrate court, from which the summonses were originally issued, to the assizes, has caused great excitement in Tipperary.

Father Humphrey, who is one of the defendants in the conspiracy case, and who was yesterday sentenced to a fine of £20 or stand committed for six months for assembling a police court of petty sessions. The action of a policeman's wife, has made application for a summons against Balfour. The magistrate refused to issue the summonses.

THE O'BRIEN-PARNELL CASE.

LONDON, October 24.—The trial of action for divorce brought by Captain O'Shea against his wife, Mrs. M. Parnell, is named as co-respondent, has been set down for the middle of November. Counter allegations will be made against O'Shea by his wife. Mr. Parnell has retained as his counsel Sir Charles Russell and Herbert H. Asquith, both of whom defended him before the Parnell commission.

THE WOMAN ESCAPED.

And Will Find Refuge From Her Enemies in Texas.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., October 24.—(Special.)—It was learned here today, through private sources, and the report was confirmed by telegraphic inquiry, that the notorious Madam Fancher, whose home in the city of Mexico has long been known as headquarters for the revolutionary leaders in Mexico, and General Carbono, has reached Texas uncaptured. The Mexican authorities at once applied to Colonel Brackett, at Fort McIntosh, for her arrest, but he fairly refused to have anything to do with the case. Madam Fancher and General Carbono and a number of others who have been revolutionaries are wanted at home for persecution in revolutionary conspiracy.

LISTENING TO HILL.

AS HE SHOWS UP THE REPUBLICAN PARTY.

HE GIVES REED A PASSING NOTICE.

Says the Speaker is Held Up as a Hero by His Party When He is Nothing More Than a Bully.

WHEELING, W. Va., October 24.—Governor Hill and party arrived in Wheeling this afternoon from Massillon, O. On the way here crowds thronged the stations and cheered the governor as he passed through. On arrival here a large crowd met him and escorted him to the hotel where a reception was held lasting three hours, during which prominent democrats of the state paid their respects. The governor spoke in the opera house tonight to an audience only limited by the capacity of the hall. The governor said in part:

The democratic party may justly be considered the friend of labor. Its whole record has been characterized by solicitude for the interests of those who earn their daily bread by the sweat of their brow. At least one-half of its ranks are recruited from the laboring classes and, therefore, an enlightened self-interest, if no other motive, has dictated an honest move to favor measures beneficial to the workmen. This attitude is not indicative of a hostile disposition towards the manufacturing interests of the country. We believe in the encouragement of domestic industries in every legitimate manner; not by the imposition of unnecessary and unreasonable taxes upon other interests, but by the most equitable means; recognizing the fact that the best or easiest methods to raise revenues needed for the support of the government is by tariff duties and imports, we are desirous that in the adjustment of details of such duties due regard should be had to the claims of home industries by imposing sufficient rates to amply compensate labor and afford manufacturers a fair profit without creating monopolies. We have not advocated, and do not advocate, free trade, but insist that the interests of the great body of the people be protected by the tariff system of the country. We believe in the encouragement of domestic industries in every legitimate manner; not by the imposition of unnecessary and unreasonable taxes upon other interests, but by the most equitable means; recognizing the fact that the best or easiest methods to raise revenues needed for the support of the government is by tariff duties and imports, we are desirous that in the adjustment of details of such duties due regard should be had to the claims of home industries by imposing sufficient rates to amply compensate labor and afford manufacturers a fair profit without creating monopolies. We have not advocated, and do not advocate, free trade, but insist that the interests of the great body of the people be protected by the tariff system of the country. We believe in the encouragement of domestic industries in every legitimate manner; not by the imposition of unnecessary and unreasonable taxes upon other interests, but by the most equitable means; recognizing the fact that the best or easiest methods to raise revenues needed for the support of the government is by tariff duties and imports, we are desirous that in the adjustment of details of such duties due regard should be had to the claims of home industries by imposing sufficient rates to amply compensate labor and afford manufacturers a fair profit without creating monopolies. We have not advocated, and do not advocate, free trade, but insist that the interests of the great body of the people be protected by the tariff system of the country. We believe in the encouragement of domestic industries in every legitimate manner; not by the imposition of unnecessary and unreasonable taxes upon other interests, but by the most equitable means; recognizing the fact that the best or easiest methods to raise revenues needed for the support of the government is by tariff duties and imports, we are desirous that in the adjustment of details of such duties due regard should be had to the claims of home industries by imposing sufficient rates to amply compensate labor and afford manufacturers a fair profit without creating monopolies. We have not advocated, and do not advocate, free trade, but insist that the interests of the great body of the people be protected by the tariff system of the country. We believe in the encouragement of domestic industries in every legitimate manner; not by the imposition of unnecessary and unreasonable taxes upon other interests, but by the most equitable means; recognizing the fact that the best or

DRUMMERS' DAY.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING OF THE SOUTHERN TRAVELERS.

Another Meeting to Be Held Tonight, When the Final Arrangements for Drummers' Day Will Be Made.

The Southern Travelers' Association, is one of the most influential organizations in the south today.

The headquarters of this grand organization of the representatives of the business of the south, are in the old capitol building.

The beauty and elegance of these apartments have been described in these columns a number of times.

But tonight will be held one of the most important meetings during the history of the organization.

It is a grand rally of the drummers of Atlanta.

The object is to complete the arrangements for the great reception on "Drummers' Day," next Monday, at the Piedmont exposition.

An urgent request is extended to every commercial man in Atlanta to be present at the meeting.

Hundreds of merchants outside of the city will visit the exposition on that day, and it will be expected that the Southern Travelers' Association will entertain them.

It is very essential that all committees on badges, refreshments and other arrangements shall hand in their reports at the meeting tonight, so that the final management may be completed in detail.

It is the desire of the commercial men of the city to make Drummers' Day the biggest day that has ever dawned in the city of Atlanta, the heart and center of the Southern Travelers' Association.

The meeting will be held in the association rooms in the old capitol, and will begin at 7:30 o'clock this evening. The general hotel committee of the southern district is now in session, and Messrs. L. H. Harvey of Macon, Ga.; O. S. Lee, of Augusta, Ga.; and Charles Brannan, of Atlanta, are in attendance.

Representatives from Savannah, Jacksonville, Fla.; Rome, Ga.; Birmingham, Ala.; and Chattanooga, Tenn., are expected today.

The object of this committee is to receive reports from the various branches, in regard to making contracts with hotels, and to consider all grievances reported in the district, so that a proper adjustment may be consummated between the travelers and hotel keepers.

THE SHAM BATTLE.

Continued from First Page.

they were wildly cheered, the inspiring old "rebel yell," as it pealed from their throats, awakening new enthusiasm in the hearts of the spectators. The sight of the noble old soldiers, clad in their modest suit of gray, grasping firmly in their maimed and scarred hands their trusty old musket, and charging their ones as if in a real battle, was to those who had never experienced the terrible brunt of war and a sight that revived many sacred recollections in the hearts of their comrades who looked on.

Led on by the veterans of the northern line, the southern column charged the northern line, driving it back foot by foot.

Here the battle was at its close quarters, the north line standing its ground stubbornly and the attacking forces being equally determined to carry its point.

It was hand-to-hand, many of the men dropping their guns and using small arms. Litters and surgeons' corps were hurried out and the wounded carried to the rear.

Prisoners were taken and retaken again, and altogether it was a most realistic battle scene.

THE NORTHERN ARMY RALLIES.

After a desperate effort the northern line rallied from this fierce attack it had received, and with volley after volley gradually forced the assailants to desist, driving them back almost to the mouth of their battery.

The Police Battalion and McCarthy Light Guards gave close pursuit, flanking the southern line on the right and completely cutting off a detachment of the Atlanta Zouaves.

When the Police Battalion was repulsed they left the ground strewn with dead and wounded, which gave a terrible aspect to the scene.

Both lines then stood their ground for a few minutes, when the Zouaves made a gallant charge, but were again driven back to the main line.

It seemed that the northern line was about to win the day, but again, just in the nick of time, the veterans came up to the support of the south line, and by a united advance forced the advanced posts of the north in.

Here the firing subsided, and the band struck up "Dixie." This was the signal for an outburst of cheering from the spectators, in which the military joined.

The Grady Cadets were the last of the northern line to fall back to the main column. Both armies then formed in line of battle, facing each other, with the firing of only a few scattering shots.

A BATTERY CAPTURED.

At this juncture the Horse Guard dashed around the track and charged up the hill to where the northern battery was stationed.

After a lively charge Captain Miller and his men were victorious, and the battery was silenced.

This ended the engagement.

The great sham battle had been fought and won. But which side was victorious has not yet been told.

Battle Echoes.

The fighting between the police and the Atlanta Zouaves was one of the features of the battle. The hand-to-hand encounters between these two detachments were entered into with a spirit that had a telling effect.

Policeman R. C. Powell was quite badly hurt in a scuffle with several of the Zouaves. His shoulder was sprained, and his helmet was shot to pieces. He will be unable to go on duty for some days.

Captain Hollie of the Zouaves had his hand burned by one of the police guns, and Policeman Patterson, wearing on his face as a result of the fray.

Private Brantlett of the Zouaves was severely wounded in the hand when his hand got torn on the site of the officer's rifle barrel.

Several other Zouaves and policemen were slightly hurt.

Three or four Zouaves tackled a big policeman and tried to take him captive. The policeman picked one of the Zouaves up and threw him down in the mud, and, with the assistance of a comrade, completely paralyzed his assailant.

One of the cowboys who did the dead act, had painted blood marks on his face and neck.

When the people saw him lying in the mud with his gore-stained face upturned to the sun, quite a sensation resulted.

It took several policemen to keep the crowd back and prevent the crowd from getting on to the cowboy's little trick.

Dr. Lawshe, surgeon of the Grady Cadets, was in charge of the litter corps for the northern line and Dr. N. O. Harris, of Colonel Calhoun's staff, acted in the same capacity for the southern line.

AWARDING THE PRIZES.

The Winning Companies in the State Contest.

Perry Rifles, first prize, \$1,000.

Brunswick Riflemen, second prize, \$500.

Floyd Rifles, third prize, \$250.

That's the result in the state drill, as announced yesterday afternoon by the judges.

After the sham battle the troops marched past the grand stand in review.

The line passed the reviewing stand in the following order.

Hon. W. A. Hemphill, John Clay Smith and Judge S. H. Landrum, riding at the head of the Confederate Fort Worth Fencibles, then came the Fort Worth Fencibles, McCarthy Light Guards, Grady Cadets, Floyd Rifles, Seawane Rifles, Police Battalion, Colonel W. L. Calhoun heading the Fourth Georgia Battalion, consisting of the Atlanta Zouaves, the Perry Rifles, Brunswick Riflemen, Governor's Horse Guard and the Atlanta Artillery.

After the review, the competing companies in the state contest were brought forward in front of the grand stand and the prizes awarded.

Judge S. H. Hopkins presented the prizes

In a few appropriate words, the winning companies with the money they won being as stated.

Judge Hopkins announced, in closing, that the interstate prizes would be awarded today. As each company received the check it had won, the spectators manifested their approval by the liberal applause bestowed.

GO OUT TODAY.

A Gorgeous Programme—Children Ten Cents!

Squad drills today!

This is the most exciting of all the military contests, and some of the finest drilling ever done in the south will be witnessed at the Piedmont Exposition grounds today.

It goes without saying that the grand stand will be crowded today again.

Certainly, those who go will be amply repaid for the trip.

In these contests the heavy movements of the company drill are omitted; and the drill partakes of the character of an individual contest.

A very pick of the visiting military, as well as of the Georgia troops, will make up the squads.

Better material to select from was never assembled in Atlanta. The company drills, both state and interstate, have been pronounced by competent critics the best, by all odds, ever held in the state.

It does not follow, of course, that the prize-winning companies will furnish the prize-winning squads.

Not at all.

Every thing depends this time on the training and the nerve of a few men.

What company, of those assembled here, can furnish the best squad?

Commanders of drills entering the drill today will report to the judges at the judges' stand on the exposition grounds, at 10 o'clock, sharp.

The first squad drill at 10:15.

The others follow, in their order, at intervals of twenty minutes.

Each squad will be allowed fifteen minutes in which to drill.

The Individual Drill.

Who is the best drilled man?

That, also, is to be decided today.

The individual drill occurs immediately after the squad drills.

Four men from each company will be allowed to enter.

At 1 o'clock the dress parade of interstate companies will occur. Lieutenant-Colonel W. L. Calhoun commanding.

This follows just after the individual drill; to be held on the race track in front of the grand stand.

During the dress parade the interstate prizes will be delivered.

Today's Programme.

It is another big day—this.

The school children will be admitted for 10 cents, and they will all go out to see the biggest Children's Day yet held on the grounds.

The drills and continued military display will take place in the forenoon and in the afternoon there will be:

1. The Wild West show.

2. Trotting dog, "Doc," in a great race.

3. Chariot races.

4. Running races world without end, of the very best kind.

One of the great features of the day will be the balloon races.

It is a great day on the grounds.

Let everybody go out this morning.

Remember that school children will be admitted for 10 cents.

UP IN A BALLOON.

A Young Couple Get Married and Take a Rise in the World.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., October 24.—[Special.] At the state fair today Thomas J. Mims and Miss Gertrude Pittman were married, and made a bridal tour in a balloon immediately after the ceremony. The balloon went up probably two miles and sailed away to the south, a very light wind blowing at the time.

The young couple are unhurt, and greatly enjoyed the novel experience. They return to the city tonight, and hold a public reception tomorrow.

REED IN CHICAGO.

THE SPEAKER OF THE HOUSE DRAWS A LARGE CROWD.

CHICAGO, October 24.—Accommodations for the largest political gathering in Chicago had to be doubled tonight to make room for the throng that attempted to hear Speaker Reed.

The doors were locked at Battery Armory fully an hour before the hour announced for the beginning of the evening mass meeting to be addressed by Reed. Over 6,000 people were within the walls. The hall was elaborately decorated, a feature being that the hangings were composed exclusively of the stars and stripes.

When several hundred members of the Union Veterans' Association with banners flying entered the hall, as an escort to Mr. Reed, there began a scene of remarkable enthusiasm. It was a distinguished guest that accompanied the guest of the evening—United States Senators Farrell and Cullum, Congressman Adams and Butterworth, Chairman Jones, of the Illinois republican state central committee, and many others equally well known.

THE BROTHERHOOD ENGINEERS.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., October 24.—Today's session of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers was devoted to the election of first and second grand engineers. The vote is large, and it will probably be twenty-four hours before the result is known.

At yesterday afternoon's session the committee on federation submitted majority and minority reports. The majority recommended a federation with railway employees in general, while the minority was opposed to affiliation with other organizations in any manner or form.

After considerable discussion, the question of accepting the report was put to a vote and was defeated. The matter was then referred back to the committee, and the question of federation remains in statu quo.

Through With Its Business.

COLUMBUS, O., October 24.—The extra session of the legislature, called by Governor Campbell to consider the alleged corruption in the municipal board at Cincinnati, concluded its business this afternoon, and adjourned to January 5, 1891, when the adjourned session begins. The bill became a law providing a non-partisan board of improvements for Cincinnati, to be appointed by Mayor Mosby, and to hold until April, when their successors shall be elected. Joint senate and house committees were appointed, one to investigate the working of the departments at Cincinnati, and another on the municipal board and the best system of city government, both to report at the adjourned session.

He Is In Washington.—Mr. G. Lind, the architect of the Washington, D. C., attending the convention of the American Institute of Architects being held in that city.

Laid to Rest.

Friday afternoon the remains of Mr. Bennett Harper were laid to rest in Oakland cemetery. Mr. Harper's death occurred at the residence of his brother, Mr. J. H. Harper, No. 49 Formwalt street, and the remains were laid to rest in Oakland.

Mr. Harper was an invalid for many years. He was about fifty years of age and was well beloved by all who knew him.

WADE HAMPTON.

WILL VOTE FOR THE TILLMAN NOMINATIONS, BUT HIS SYMPATHIES ARE WITH HASKELL.

He Writes a Letter to the State Chairman, Which Is Regarded as Stronger for Haskell Than for Tillman.

COLUMBIA, S. C., October 24.—[Special.]—For the past week the people of the state have been anxiously waiting for a promised letter from Senator Wade Hampton.

It came this evening.

General Hampton writes in response to State Chairman Irby, who requested him to take the stump in the interest of Captain Tillman.

The document is considered as favorable to the Haskell ticket, for while Senator Hampton promises to vote for the Tillman ticket, he endorses Haskell. It is far from what the Tillmanites expected.

Hampton declines to take part in a canvass or make any speeches. He thinks that such public demonstrations will do harm. He says the deplorable condition of the party could have been avoided if his advice in the summer campaign to have a general primary had been heeded.

WHAT THE LETTER SAYS.

Continuing he says:

I shall support the ticket nominated by the convention in September, but in doing this by no means endorse the grave charges which have been made against the democratic party of the state. Honesty and integrity have marked every administration which has governed the state since 1876, and we shall, indeed, be fortunate if our officials in the future shall be as able, as patriotic, and as honest as they have been for the last fourteen years. I am compelled to support the September ticket, because it was nominated by the democratic party, and because the other ticket lacks that endorsement.

PRaise FOR HASKELL.

I regret deeply that this latter ticket has been brought out, though I have the greatest respect for the gentlemen composing it, and I do not, for one moment, question the motives of those who nominated it. For the gallant and distinguished gentleman who is at its head, I entertain the highest possible regard and esteem. I cannot forget his eminent services to the state in peace and war. To him we were largely indebted for the success that crowned our efforts 1876, and there is no office in the gift of the state for which I would not earnestly and cordially support him, were he endorsed by the recognized authority of the democratic party. All denunciation of him, and those whom he represents, is, in my opinion, unworthy of those who indulge in it, and it will only serve to embitter the unfortunate strife which now divides our party. No one who knows Colonel Haskell can doubt his sincerity, his conscientiousness or his democracy. I certainly do not.

HASKELL'S MISTAKE.

And whilst I think he has made a great mistake in lending his name and influence to the movement inaugurated by his friends, I shall not denounce the man who was my comrade in war, who was one of the ablest and bravest officers in my command, and who was my trusted friend and adviser in 1876.

I do not venture to offer advice to my fellow-citizens, for my last honest effort to do so fell unheeded, but I do appeal to them by the glorious memories of '76, by all our hopes for the enduring prosperity of our state, to avoid all semblance of violence in the conduct of the election. Let every man who holds the honor of our state dear, constitute himself a special guardian of the peace, and let us prove to those who traduce us that whatever differences may exist in our party, we can settle it at the ballot box without resorting to intimidation, to fraud or to violence.

A CORNER IN NICKEL.

The Demand for the Metal by the Navy Department Causes Some Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, October 24.—Additional results of recent tests of armor plate at Annapolis are still coming to light. A demonstration of the superiority of nickel and steel alloy and the immediate appropriation of congress of \$1,000,000 for the purchase of a quantity of nickel with which to alloy naval steel, had the effect of stimulating the nickel market to a marked degree.

The naval department had hardly begun to inquire into the amount of nickel on the market before it was found that the results of the tests had been seized upon abroad with remarkable celerity, and that there was to be keen competition in the market already noted for vigorous and steady demand. In addition there were rumors of "corners" that were disconcerting to officials who had expected to get an adequate supply of the metal at fair prices. These facts have led to an examination of the possibilities of the United States as a nickel-producing country. All of the nickel used here has been purchased abroad, Canada being the nearest source of supply.

From information coming in an unofficial way to the department it appears, however, that there is a probability that the metal exists in this country in considerable quantity. It is asserted that mines of great value exist in Virginia. For obvious reasons persons making assertions refuse to designate their location. Meanwhile, acting upon expert reports, at least one company is organized to develop these mines, and that the navy department officers are hopeful that any considerable enhancement of the market price of the nickel will be met and counteracted by an increased supply from domestic sources.

Lexington Races.

LEXINGTON, Ky., October 24.—Track muddy. First race, four furlongs, Houston won, Oriental second, Silverlight third. Time, 0:22 1/2.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile heats, Mechie won, Outlook second, Josie M. third. Time, 1:20 1/2.

Third race, four furlongs, Allen won, Outry second, Lamar third. Time, 0:53 1/2.

Fourth race, mile and a sixteenth, Adrienne won, Eli second, Tenacity third. Time, 1:45 1/2.

Fifth race, six furlongs, Tom Mackin won, Penny Royal second, Yale third. Time, 1:21 1/2.

Melrose Park Races.

ROANOKE, Va., October 24.—First race, trotting, 2:30 class, one mile, three in five, Checkmate won, Walter R. second. Time, 2:46, 2:45 1/2, 2:45.

Second race, three-quarters of a mile, two in three, F. von, Virginia Belle second. Time, 1:27 1/2, 1:31 1/2.

Third race, one-quarter mile dash, Repudiator won, Katie C. second. Time, 2:30.

A Big Reward Offered.

RALIGH, N. C., October 24.—[Special.]—Governor Fowle today offered \$400 reward for H. G. Morrison, who murdered his wife on George Vanderbilt's farm near Asheville. Edward Sullivan, of Philadelphia, Pa., grandfather of the murdered woman, has offered \$500 reward for the murderer. The governor was today informed. Morrison is said to be eighteen years old, and very small in size. He is a quadroon and looks like a farm hand. His murder of his wife, Rheda Morrison, has caused much excitement in the western part of the state.

The Proposition Reported Adversely.

JACKSON, Miss., October 24.—[Special.]—The judiciary committee of the convention today reported upon the proposition of Mr. Talbot to disqualify negroes from holding office, as follows: That in their opinion a provision which shall disqualify a majority of the citizens of the state for holding office on account of race or color would violate the spirit of the constitution of the United States. The legislation of congress in pursuance thereof would provoke the enforcement of the constitutional guarantee to the people of the United States of a republican form of government.

Female Suffrage in Mississippi.

JACKSON, Miss., October 24.—[Special.]—The question of woman suffrage was revived tonight in the franchise committee, which by one majority voted not to confer the power upon the legislature to enfranchise women upon any conditions. The adverse report will be fought when it reaches the convention.

Died from His Injuries.

ANNISTON, Ala., October 24.—[Special.]—Lawrence Elington, a brakeman on the Alabama Great Southern road, fell from the cars at Tannehill, a few miles below Birmingham, Wednesday, and received injuries from which he died a few hours later.

Sheriff Saunders Coming.

RALIGH, N. C., October 24.—[Special.]—The immediate appointment of congress of \$1,000,000 for the purchase of a quantity of nickel with which to alloy naval steel, had the effect of stimulating the nickel market to a marked degree.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

At Wholesale by H. A. Boynton and Shropshire & Dodd, Atlanta, Ga

WIPE YOUR FEET!

ON Flexible Steel Wire Foot Mats

PRICE, \$1.50.

KING HARDWARE CO., CORNER PEACHTREE AND WHEAT.

-5p-



KEEP THE BOYS WARM!

We have a large and well assorted stock of Boys' Clothing. Our \$5 School suits are unexcelled in value. Our Worsted Dress suits are stylish and cheap. Scotch Plaid Overcoats at \$5 that will stand the test of wear. Ask to see those Fine Light Weight Overcoats for the little fellows. We take pleasure in showing our stock.

Lumpkin, Cole & Callaway, CLOTHIERS, 26 WHITEHALL STREET.

THE POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY

FOR NOVEMBER.

THE ORIGIN OF MUSIC.—An article by Herbert Spencer, in which he discusses the opposing views of Darwin and others.

THE RELATIONS OF MEN OF SCIENCE TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.—Presidential address at this year's meeting of the American Association. The author points out the ways by which scientific men may become more useful and better appreciated.

By Professor T. C. Mendenhall.

ILLUSTRATED ARTICLES.

THE ROOT-TIP.—By Frederick LeRoy Sargent. MY CLASS IN GEOMETRY.—By George Des. HABITS OF THE BOX TORTOISE.—By A. G. Mayer, M. E.

THE LOGIC OF FREE TRADE AND PROTECTION.—By Arthur T. Wilson.

"The History of a Star," by Professor J. Norman Lockyer. "Some Lessons from Barabism," by Elaine Goodale. "The Use of Alcohol in Medicine," by A. G. Bartley, M.D. "Human Selection," by Alfred Russel Wallace. "School Life in Relation to Growth and Health," by Professor A. Key.

SKETCH AND PORTRAIT OF PROFESSOR AMOS AMOS.

50 Cents a Number. \$5.00 a Year. Published by D. APPLETON & CO., 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, 15, 17, 19, 21, 23, 25, 27, 29, 31, 33, 35, 37, 39, 41, 43, 45, 47, 49, 51, 53, 55, 57, 59, 61, 63, 65, 67, 69, 71, 73, 75, 77, 79, 81, 83, 85, 87, 89, 91, 93, 95, 97, 99, 101, 103, 105, 107, 109, 111, 113, 115, 117, 119, 121, 123, 125, 127, 129, 131, 133, 135, 137, 139, 141, 143, 145, 147, 149, 151, 153, 155, 157, 159, 161, 163, 165, 167, 169, 171, 173, 175, 177, 179, 181, 183, 185, 187, 189, 191, 193, 195, 197, 199, 201, 203, 205, 207, 209, 211, 213, 2

WE INVITE

Your attention to our left window during the week. It will contain a display of Diamonds well worth seeing.

Freeman & Crankshaw.

OPUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D., Atlanta, Ga. Office 136 Whitehall St.



MAIR & BERKELEY, Opticians and Jewelers. sep 13 let col 5p ly.

PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES

TRADE MARK. Quality First and Always.

FAULKNER, KILLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians.

Have a thoroughly equipped factory, with all the latest machinery direct from Paris, France, for the manufacture of eye glasses. Visitors are invited to call and be fitted with a pair of these celebrated glasses. Office and factory, Old Capitol building, opposite Postoffice.

J. F. KEMPTON, A. L. DELKIN, C. H. GIRARDEAU, M. CUNNINGHAM

KEMPTON, DELKIN & CO.

Real Estate Bargains.

6 East Alabama St.

\$650 PER ACRE FOR MANUFACTURING site on E. T. R. R.; 100 railroad. \$3,500—acres, junction Pryor and A. & F. R. R.; convenient to dummy. \$1,500—1-room cottage, Stonewall street, near Walker. \$2,500—300 feet front on McDonough road. \$2,000—Corner lot Forest avenue, near Jackson street; a beautiful lot. \$7,000—Grove lot West Peachtree, 94x100. \$1,500—Beautiful building lot south side, finished street, near car line, cheapest residence lot on the market. \$3,500—2-r house, Marietta street, 57x130. \$3,000—Brick residence, north side. \$7,000—West Peachtree corner lot, 50x200 with two houses, close in. \$1,000—Crazy cottage, Howell street, near Highland avenue. \$2,500—Central Mitchell street lot. \$3,000—Twenty acres west Atlanta. \$1,000—Vacant lot, two fronts. You can build eight 2-r houses which will yield 20 per cent. We have several residences on Whitehall street. Come to see us. \$6,000—Church and Spring street, splendid residence. \$1,750—Marietta street property, paying 10 per cent. \$2,500—Vacant tract near Luckie street, 110x200. \$1,100—Business lot, Decatur street. \$1,500—East side lot on electric line, 100x175, one-third cash, balance easy. \$775—Cash, Fraser street lot, near Georgia ave. \$1,000—Cash, Martin street lot, near Georgia ave. \$1,500—Cash, Blackmont street, near Pine street. \$1,500—Cash, Hilliard street lot, near Forest ave. Now is the time to buy. If you wish your property sold place it with us, and we will give prompt attention to bringing it before the public. If you wish to buy don't fail to see us, as we take special effort to suit our customers.

KEMPTON, DELKIN & CO.

B. S. DRAKE, D. W. OWEN, W. A. SPRAGUE

B. S. DRAKE & CO.

Real Estate Bargains.

No. 5 West Alabama Street.

We call your attention to what we consider one of the best investments on a small scale, now on the market. If you have \$3,000 to invest, come and see us, we can give you a genuine bargain, consisting of ten lots especially suited for renting purposes, of improved, with a front from two to five minutes' walk of eight hundred employees, all making good salaries. The electric car, Edgewood within three minutes' walk, and the nine-miles circle within 200 feet of this genuine bargain. The East Atlanta Land Company, Copeland Hill Land Company, as well as Inman park surroundings us. If you are awake for a good investment don't miss this.

\$2,000—FOR JOHNSON AVENUE LOT, 50x200 feet, to Twenty-first street, with a nice home. Such bargains are few and far between, near the Boulevard.

\$2,700—Buys 2-4-room cottages, all new, on Magnolia street. Buy these for an investment—they are cheap.

\$700—Lot 50x100, Alexander street, near Williams.

\$7,000—Lot 50x100, Peachtree street, lies well and close in.

\$600—Mills street, 50x100, near Williams.

\$2,750—Hollander street, West End, 60x220, six rooms and bath.

\$1,000—Stonewall street, 67x100. Convenient street, car and school.

\$3,000—Mills, corner Calhoun, 70x100, 7 rooms and bath.

\$300—Garden street, next to corner South street, 41x100, cheap.

\$250 per acre—30 acres on South Boulevard street, near Richmond. Disposition quick. Money here, don't delay.

Wanted—All who have property for sale or rent, place their notices with us. We deal on the square with both buyer and seller.

B. S. DRAKE & CO., 5 West Alabama St.

Real Estate.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate.

I CAN RENT

Twenty houses this week, if comfortable and well located. House owners bring in your consignments. My rent department is thoroughly equipped.

Messrs. Harwell and Mahone show houses on collect rents promptly, and Mr. Howard, my cashier, will render statements regularly.

Bring in your house at once. Demand greater than the supply. People will come to Atlanta.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Renting Agent, 5 Kimball House, Wall street.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work, should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address: **Prof. E. L. FOWLER, Medford, Conn.**

Copy Address that was enthusiastically received by the New Englanders.

A MIRACULOUS ESCAPE.

An Old Man Walks Out of a Window of His Boarding House.

Mr. S. M. Hall went through a narrow escape Thursday night. He came to the city from Hall county early in the week and stopped at the Cannon house, on Decatur street. About 11 o'clock night before last, Mr. Hall, who is about sixty-five years old, stepped out of a window in the second story of the building, and walking out on the evening, fell full length. The cloth of the evening gown was caught in the window, and the old gentleman caught the iron railing and hung suspended for several minutes until Patrolman Jim Wooten discovered him. Securing a step-ladder the patrolman saved Mr. Hall from a very hard fall. Mr. Hall was considerably bruised up, but his injuries were not of a serious character.

A CURIOUS FREAK.

A Mountain Cow Gives Birth to Four Calves.

A strange and curious freak of nature occurred on the plantation of Captain English, a few miles out on the Peachtree road, Thursday night. Mr. Jeff Carr, a farmer, who lives near Captain English's place, is the authority for the statement that an ordinary mountain cow gave birth to four well developed calves. They were all dead, but a negro who lives on the plantation preserved their bodies and had them on exhibition yesterday.

Frederick Warde and Mrs. Bowers.

Next Monday and Tuesday, at night and at matinee, these two great, legitimate artists will appear in three of the best plays of the English repertoire—"Macbeth," "Henry VIII" and "Virginius."

Frederick Warde has been before the American public as a stellar attraction in the classic drama for a period of over ten years. It is only lately, however, that he has made for himself important money. He has always adhered to his fixed policy of presenting only the works of the masters in play-writing, despite strong monetary inducements to obtain the high price he strove to establish for that of modern melodrama; but, notwithstanding the great temptation such financial gain would have been to him, he followed his own inclination, and backed by the good advice and wishes of his many erudite friends, maintained the firm hold he had upon intelligent theatergoers and increased it by renewed efforts and study. This season he has distinguished himself with his distinguished actress, Mrs. D. P. Bowers, who has been a pronounced favorite with all classes of theatergoers for over a score of years, and together they are touring the United States with an elaborate production of Shakespeare's historical tragedy, "Henry VIII," which has not been elaborately done in this country recently, although its European production scored the most palpable hit of recent years. A vast amount of scenery, armor, properties and costumes to secure accurate imitations of the play is carried, and the company has been carefully and conscientiously selected.

Robert Mantell.

The distinguished actor, Robert Mantell, begins a two-night's engagement at DeGue's opera house on Wednesday evening next, October 28th, producing two of his most successful plays, "D'Emery's" "Monsters," and "Damas's" "Corsican Brothers." The first named play has been seen here before, and as its hero, Mr. Mantell never appeared to better advantage. His characterization of this complex character has proven his worth as a romantic actor, and that his Louis and Faubert should have made such a great hit elsewhere is not to be wondered at. In every thing Mr. Mantell has yet essayed he has conclusively proven that he is a careful and conscientious student, and his success is deserved. "Monsters" will be played on Wednesday evening and at the Thursday matinee. The "Corsican Brothers" is underlined for Thursday night only.

The claims of Salvation Oil are more than substantiated by its almost miraculous cures.

The surest and quickest way to get rid of a cold is by using **Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.**

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA—Largest sale in the World.

Doctors Disagree.

"Is and old adage, 'When doctors disagree who will decide?' Answer: Dr. King's Royal Gormett makes no mistakes. It cures disease when all else fails, and more diseases than all other preparatory medicines put together. It builds up every time, and to try it is to be convinced of its wonderful health giving properties."

Commendable.

All complaints consistent with the high character of Syrup of Figs are purposely avoided by the California Fig Syrup Company. It acts gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the system effectually, but it is not a cure-all and makes no pretensions that every bottle will not substantiate.

PLUTOCLAVY, by Thomas M. Norwood.

A politico-social novel. Price 50c, mailed upon receipt of price by John M. Miller, Atlanta, Ga., or David B. Ross, Savannah, Ga.

Try it, Mothers—Try it now.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. Best and surest remedy in the world for all diseases of children. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Reckham's Pills acts like magic on a weak stomach.

Deliverance!

The shackles are strong, and forged by neglect. If your complaint has exhausted you, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters breaks them easily and without loss of time. Pains in the right side, yellowness of the skin, constipation and dyspepsia attending biliousness, are annihilated by this grand alternative. Incomparably useful is it, too, in rheumatism, malaria, debility and kidney complaints.

HEADS OF FAMILIES.

And All Housewives Read With Care.

Our trade is growing wider, broader, larger every day. There is hardly a day passing that some one does not add their name to our list of patrons. Recognizing the vastness of our business, the excellence of our goods, combined with low prices, we do not marvel that this is so. It is a recognized fact that upon all great occasions in Atlanta all reaches affairs have been supplied with a great greater portion of delicacies served from our store. On all sides can be seen in ample quantities goods from the remote portions of our globe. Our extended experience in business with the combined qualities of a high order of taste, makes it easy for us to lead. Remember that it is no easy matter to cater to the wants and demands of a cosmopolitan people of a city of Atlanta's proportions. Here we have a people who cancel portions of the common country as their birthplace. We also have a people who are recognized as travelers, whose tastes are cultivated, and who are competent judges of fine things and who know good thing when they see it. Now to business.

Our new invoice of maple syrup and our dark buckwheat flour has arrived—try both. Our fancy Cape Cod cranberries, our turkeys, fat and bedecked with dazzling bronze await your eye. We dress turkeys upon short notice, or hang in feathered while wanted. Celery supplied by the dozen at lowest rates. All kinds of fancy California fruits in 3-pound cans by wholesale and retail. Why pay 40 cents per pound for coffee, when you can come to our store and buy our celebrated Biano at 35 cents per pound. It is an equal blend of Mocha, Maracá and Java. We have our own coffee roasted, and it is safe to say that we have the largest coffee trade in the city. Make up your mind to try one pound. Our fancy Jersey butter at 45 cents, is the finest in the city; you pay 40 and 50 for some not as good as ours. All our goods are perfectly fresh, our sales are larger, consequently fresher.

We solicit the accounts of all who desire first-class service and quality. Our prices are moderate, in a great many instances cheaper than any house in the city. Twenty-five barrels more of those fancy Long Island Sound Irish potatoes, Call and see us.

HOTT & THORNTON, 50 Whitehall Street.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Mayor of Atlanta.

The friends of Hon. Anton Kentz announce him as a candidate for the mayoralty of Atlanta. They point with pride to his record as a citizen, as a business man, as an officer, as a public servant and as a friend. Atlanta needs a man of nerve, of probity, of high personal character, who relies upon his own judgment, and who cannot be swayed for mayor. Such a man is Anton Kentz, and as such the suffrages of the people are asked for him.

Signature: Lewis G. Winder, 1222 Mayor St., Assistant Postmaster, Philadelphia. sep oct 25 m or tel a m

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

5 South Pryor Street,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

We call attention to the property described below, which we consider good bargains, and will sell for a good advance next spring:

Five lots on North Calhoun street, beautifully shaded and graded. \$50 per front foot.

Twelve lots on Myrtle street, adjoining the above, all with natural shade and above grade.

150 feet on Bickley avenue, high and commanding point, corner of Myrtle street. \$10 per front foot.

Three lots on Eighth street, one block from Calhoun. Eighth street is graded nearly to these lots. \$10 per front foot.

Five acres near Central railway and McPherson barracks, and adjoining Forest park, with good frontage on Jonesboro road, \$25,000.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

The Best Blood Medicine

So say Leading Physicians and Druggists, and their opinion is endorsed by thousands cured by it of Scrofula, Eczema, Erysipelas, and other diseases of the blood.

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla has won its reputation by years of valuable service to the community. It is the best."—R. S. Lang, Druggist, 172 Merrimack St., Lowell, Mass. Dr. W. P. Wright, Paw Paw Ford, Tenn., says: "In my practice, I invariably prescribe Ayer's Sarsaparilla for chronic diseases of the blood."

Dr. R. R. Boyle, Third and Oxford sts., Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "For two years I have prescribed Ayer's Sarsaparilla in numerous instances, and I find it highly efficacious in the treatment of all disorders of the blood."

L. M. Robinson, Pharmacist, Sabina, O., certifies: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla has always been a great seller. My customers think there is no blood-purifier equal to it."

"For many years I was afflicted with scrofulous running sores, which, at last became so bad that the doctors advised amputating one of my legs to save my life. I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla and soon saw an improvement. After using about two dozen bottles the sores were healed. I continue to take a few bottles of this medicine each year, for my blood, and am no longer troubled with sores. I have tried other reputed blood-purifiers, but none does so much good as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—D. A. Robinson, Neal, Kansas.

Don't fail to get

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY

DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists. \$1, 4x 5. Worth 50¢ a bottle.

The Great English Complexion SOAP.

PEAR'S SOAP.

Of all Soap-makers, beware of Imitations.

J. C. HENDRIX, LAWRENCE HARRISON.

J. C. Hendrix & Co.

We offer a plat of twenty-eight graded lots on Whitehall street, West End, to home-seekers very cheap on long time.

20 acres only one mile from carshed; lies well; big money can be made out of it.

15 acres in West End; shaded, and lies per cent.

Copeland Hill lots to suit purchasers. Factory sites on any of the roads entering the city.

We have several large lots on the Boulevard that owners are anxious to sell; no one else can offer.

We have 250 feet on Jackson street that is very cheap.

We have the best lot on Houston street for sale.

Large tract on Peachtree street that will sell next spring for twice what we ask for it.

Any size lot on West Peachtree st. cheaper than they will ever be again.

A lovely lot on North avenue that we can sell low in the next few days.

We can offer you property on all the principal streets in the city at fair prices. If you wish to buy or sell call on us.

J. C. Hendrix & Co.

30-1m

Goldsmith's Real Estate Agency.

30 South Broad Street.

NOTICE OUR BARGAINS IN VACANT PROPERTY.

4,000—For corner lot in the center of city.

4,000—For lovely lot, near in, on Jackson st.

1,000—Nice lot near Peachtree and Courtland.

1,000—Cor. near Jackson, surrounded by car lines.

1,000—Nr Edgewood ave, surrounded by car lines.

1,500—Lot on Fort, 100 ft. front, electric car line.

1,200—Corner, large and shady, near Angier ave.

900—Good lot, nice street, near Capitol ave.

800—2-story house, 2 lots, \$250 cash, bal. \$10 month.

750—Lot on good street, close to electric line.

750—Beautiful lot, 200 feet, S. Georgia ave.

600—Lot 95x125, small, but very cheap.

600—Lot spunk on dummy line, lovely.

500—Dairy st. lot, in best of neighborhood.

500—Willly spunk lot for improvement.

300—Only for shady lot on Jones street.

300—Get this and build on it. Don't delay.

250—For 95x125, small, but very cheap.

TERMS EASY ON ALL ABOVE PROPERTY.

4,750—Home, delightful neighborhood, Baker st.

4,000—2-story house, Edgewood, nice lot, one acre.

3,000—Capitol ave lot, deep, place for nice home.

3,000—Large lot, 4 houses, on new electric line.

3,000—2-story house, nice shady grounds, West End.

2,000—For lotliest little home on Capitol ave.

2,000—Washington street lot; buy and improve it.

2,000—Store and 2-r house; money can be made.

1,500—3-r h. lot 50x175, near W. Fair; easy terms.

1,500—R. h. new, close to 25th street, east Atlanta.

1,200—2-r house, assessed at \$500, cheap.

1,200—2-story, 2 lots, \$250 cash, bal. \$10 month.

Will sell a beautiful home, Capitol ave.

One of the loveliest homes on Washington st.

One of the prettiest homes on Spring st.

An elegant home on Highland ave.

A large magnificent lot, Whitehall st.

The choicest lot on Peachtree street, near Central streets and houses near the hub. Some choice acreage property. Call at 25 S. Broad, get prices and see our list.

TALLEY & GREENE, Real Estate Agents,

No. 24 Broad Street.

WE HAVE SOME GRAND INVESTMENTS TO offer in outside property. Look over the following bargains:

250 ACRES ONE MILE BELOW HAYVILLE.

Fronts one mile on Atlanta and Florida railroad; 40 acres fine bottom. Splendid orchard. This place can be had cheap.

1100 ACRES ON ATLANTA AND FLORIDA.

Five miles railroad front. This is a grand investment. Only \$45 per acre.

300 ACRES BETWEEN HAYVILLE AND MANCHESTER.

Will sell in 50-acre tracts. These lands lie beautifully.

100 ACRES 1/2 MILE EAST POINT.

100 ACRES 1/2 MILES McPHERSON. LOW down.

170 ACRES ONE MILE HAYVILLE.

WE HAVE 100 ACRES BETWEEN EAST POINT and Hayville, that we will divide into small tracts from two to five acres. Could be seen to see these bargains.

WE HAVE SEVERAL BARGAINS TO OFFER in city property. Corner lot, Luckie street, 33x100 to 15 feet alley. Plenty room for another house at \$250.

2 VACANT LOTS CORNER GEORGIA AVE.

2nd and Martin street. Nicely elevated. Grove on them. We can offer special bargains.

WE CAN POSSIBLY ADVISE ALL THE property we have for sale. Come in to see us.

ANSLEY BROTHERS, REAL ESTATE.

\$5,500—Will buy the best bargain on Capitol avenue. Corner property and splendid outcome; one look at it will convince you.

\$1,600—Pulham street, beautiful vacant lot on paved street; special bargain.

\$2,500—Capitol avenue lot, 50x200; only 3 1/2 squares from Capitol and on best part of street.

\$1,600—500 feet frontage, lay well, nicely shaded lot; east front; paved street; lot 50x200.

\$2,800—East Fair; 6-room house and lot; cheap.

\$2,000—Beautiful Windsor street house and nice shaded lot; east front; paved street; lot 50x200.

\$7,000—Desirable investment in Lloyd street property; 2-story house, renting for \$250; on lot 60x170; in 3 1/2 squares of carshed.

\$2,100—Pine street; 4-room house and lot; near Courtland avenue.

\$5,000—100 feet front on Boulevard; corner lot; in square of Mrs. Nicks's beautiful home.

\$2,100—Jackson street lot; shaded; near Highland avenue.

\$3,700—Luman park; corner lot; 100x190; come see it.

\$6,000—Elegant corner lot, 75 feet front; in 3 squares of carshed; one of only business corners left.

\$575—1/2 cash; for house 4-rooms and lot; renting for \$10.

Nice house and lot; north side city preferred; from \$3,000 to \$4,000; we have customer waiting.

WE INVITE

Your attention to our left window during the week. It will contain a display of Diamonds well worth seeing.

Freeman & Crankshaw.

OPINION
and Whiskey Habits
cured at home with
out pain. Book of
cures sent FREE.
J. M. WOLLEY, M.D.
Atlanta, Ga. Office 101 1/2 Whitehall St.



PERFECTED
CRYSTAL LENSES
TRADE MARK
Genuinely First and Always.

FAULKNER, KELLAM & MOORE,
Scientific Opticians,
Have a thoroughly equipped factory, with all the
latest machinery from Paris, France, for the
manufacture of eye-glasses. Visitors are
invited to call and be fitted with a pair of
celebrated glasses. Office and factory, Old Cap-
itol building, opposite Postoffice.

J. F. KEMPTON, C. H. GIRARDEAU
A. L. DELKIN, M. CUNNINGHAM

KEMPTON, DELKIN & CO.

Real Estate Bargains.

6 East Alabama St.

\$650 PER ACRE FOR MANUFACTURING
Site on E. F. R. R., 400 Railroad.
\$500—2-acre, junction Pryor and A. & F. R. R.;
convenient to dummy.
\$1,200—1-room cottage, Stonehill street, near
Walker.
\$2,750—500 feet front on McDonough road.
\$2,500—6-room lot, Forest avenue, near Jackson
street; a beauty.
\$7,000—Grove lot West Peachtree, 84x130.
\$1,200—Beautiful building lot south side, finished
street, near car line, cheapest residence lot on
the market.
\$1,500—2-r. house, Marietta street, 57x110.
\$3,000—Brick residence, north side.
\$7,000—West Peachtree corner lot, 50x200 with two
houses, close in.
\$1,000—Cottage, Howell street, near Highland
avenue.
\$2,500—Central Mitchell street lot.
\$1,000—Twelve acres west Atlanta.
\$1,500—Vacant lot, two lots. You can build
eight 2-r. houses which will yield 20 per cent.
We have several residences on Whitehall street.
Come to see us.
\$6,000—Church and Spring street, splendid resi-
dence.
\$1,750—Marietta street store property, paying 10 per
cent.
\$1,250—Vacant tract near Luckie street, 110x500.
\$1,100—Business lot, 200 feet, 100x150.
\$1,500—East side lot on electric line, 100x175, one-
third cash, balance easy.
\$750—Cash, Fraser street, lot, near Georgia ave.
\$1,500—Cash, Martin street, near Georgia ave.
\$1,500—Cash, Blackman street, near Pine street.
\$1,500—Cash, Hillard street, near Forest ave.
Now is the time to buy.
If you wish your property sold place it with us,
and we will give prompt attention to bringing
it before the public.
If you wish to buy don't fail to see us, as we take
special effort to suit our customers.
J. F. KEMPTON, A. L. DELKIN, C. H. GIRARDEAU, M. CUNNINGHAM

B. S. DRAKE, D. W. OWEN, W. A. SPAUGH

B. S. DRAKE & CO.,

Real Estate Bargains.

No. 5 West Alabama Street.

We call your attention to what we consider
one of the best investments, on a small scale, now
on the market. If you have \$3,000 to invest, come
and see us, we can give you a genuine bargain,
consisting of ten lots especially suited for renting
purposes, of improved, with a man from two to five
minutes' walk of eight hundred employees, all
making good salaries. The electric car to Edge-
wood within three minutes' drive, and the nine-
miles circle within 200 feet of this genuine bar-
gain. The East Atlanta Land Company, Copen-
hill Land Company, and the man park sur-
rounds us. If you are aware for a good invest-
ment don't miss this.

\$8000—FOR JOHNSON AVENUE LOT,
50x200 feet, to Twenty-first street
with a nice home. Such bargains are few and far
between; near the Boulevard.
\$2,000—Buy 2-r. house, all new, on Mag-
nolia street. Buy these for an investment.
They are cheap.
\$700—Lot 50x150, Alexander street, near Williams.
\$7,000—Lot 50x150, Peachtree street, lies well and
close in.
\$800—Millis street, 50x100, near Williams.
\$2,750—Holderness street, West End, 60x220,
six rooms and bath.
\$1,000—Stonewall street, 67x100. Convenient
street car and school.
\$300—Lilly, corner Calhoun, 75x100, 7 rooms, gas
and water.
\$300—Garden street, next to corner South street,
41x100, cheap.
\$25 per acre—33 acres on South Boulevard street,
near Pickens Exposition grounds. Money
here, don't delay.
Wanted—All who have property for sale or rent,
or place third party with us. We deal on the
quasi with both buyer and seller.
B. S. DRAKE & CO.,
5 West Alabama St.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate.

I CAN RENT

Twenty houses this week. If comfortable
and well located. House owners bring in your
assignments. My rent department is thoroughly
equipped.

Messrs. Harwell and Mahone show houses
collect rents promptly, and Mr. Howard, my
cashier, will render statements regularly.

Bring in your house at once. Demand greater
than the supply. People will come to Atlanta.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate and Renting Agent, 5 Kimball
House, Wall street.

TO WEAK MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early
loss, wasting weakness, loss of manhood, etc., I will
send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full
particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A
splendid medical work; should be read by every
man who is nervous and delicate. Address,
Prof. F. L. FOWLER, Haddon, Conn.

A MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

An Old Man Walks Out of a Window of His
Boarding House.

Mr. S. M. Hall, who went through a narrow
escape Thursday night.

About 11 o'clock night before last, Mr. Hall,
who is about sixty-five years old, stepped
out of a window in the second story of the building, and walking out
on the awning, fell full length. The cloth of
the awning gave way, and the old gentleman
caught the iron railing and hung suspended
for several minutes until Patrolman Jim
Wooten discovered him. Securing a step-
ladder the patrolman saved Mr. Hall from a
very hard fall.

Mr. Hall was considerably bruised up, but
his injuries were not of a serious character.

A CURIOUS BREAK

A Mountain Cow Gives Birth to Four
Calves.

A strange and curious freak of nature oc-
curred on the plantation of Captain English,
a few miles out on the Peachtree road, Thurs-
day night.

Mr. Jeff Carr, a farmer, who lives near Cap-
tain English's place, is authority for the state-
ment that an ordinary mountain cow gave birth
to four well developed calves.

They were all dead, but a negro who lives
on the plantation preserved their bodies and
had them on exhibition yesterday.

Frederick Wardle and Mrs. Bowers.

Next Monday and Tuesday, at night and at
matinee, these two great legitimate artists will
appear in three of the best plays of the English
repertory—"Macbeth," "Henry VIII" and "Vir-
ginius."

Frederick Wardle has been before the American
public as a stellar attraction in the classic drama
for a period of over ten years. It is only lately,
however, that he has made for himself important
money. He has always adhered to his fixed policy
of presenting only the works of the masters in
the art of writing, despite strong monetary in-
ducements to obtain the high place he strove to
establish for that of modern melodrama; but, not-
withstanding the great temptation, such financial
gain would have been to him, he followed his own
instinct, and backed by his own artistic ability,
wishes of his many ardent friends, maintained
the firm hold he had upon intelligent theatergo-
ers and increased it by renewed efforts and
study. This season he has associated with him
actress Mrs. D. P. Bowers, who has been a pro-
nounced favorite, with all classes of theatergo-
ers for a score of years, and together they are
touring the United States with an elaborate re-
production of Shakespeare's historical tragedy,
"Henry VIII," which has not been elaborately done
in this country recently, although its European
production scored the most palatable hit of recent
years. A vast amount of scenery, armor, proper-
ties and costumes to secure accurate representa-
tion of the play is carried, and the company has
been carefully and conscientiously selected.

Robert Mantell

The distinguished actor, Robert Mantell, begins
a two nights' engagement at DeLoe's opera
house on Wednesday evening next, October 25th,
producing two of his most successful plays,
"Donnerstag's" "Monbars" and "Damas" the "Corsican
Brothers." The first named play has been seen
before, and as is here, Mr. Mantell never
appeared to better advantage. His characteriza-
tion of this complex character has proven his
worth as a romantic actor, and that the Louis
Fabien del Franchi should have made such a great
hit elsewhere is not to be wondered at. In every-
thing Mr. Mantell has yet essayed he has con-
vincingly shown that he is a careful and con-
scientious student, and his success is deserved. "Mon-
bars" will be played on Wednesday evening and
on Thursday matinee. The "Corsican Brothers"
is underlined for Thursday night only.

The claims of Salvation Oil are more than
substantiated by its almost miraculous cures.
The surest and quickest way to get relief of a
cold is by using Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

Doctors Disagree

"Tis an old adage, 'When doctors disagree who
will decide?' Answer, Dr. King's Royal
Germenee makes no mistakes. It cures disease when
all else fails, and more diseases than all other
medicines combined put together. It builds up
every time, and so it is to be convinced of its
wonderful health giving properties.

Commendable

All claims not consistent with the high char-
acter of Syrup of Figs are purposely avoided
by the California Fig Syrup Company. It acts
gently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, cleans-
ing the system effectually, but it is not a cure-
all and makes no pretensions that every bottle
will not substantiate.

PLUTOCRACY

Or American White Slavery, by Thomas
M. Newwood.
A politico-social novel. Price 50c, mailed upon
receipt of price by John M. Miller, Atlanta, Ga.,
or Davis Bros., Savannah, Ga.

Try It, Mothers—Try It Now

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP
for children teething. Best and surest remedy
in the world for all diseases of children.
Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Beecham's Pills acts like magic on a weak
stomach.

Deliverance

The shackles are strong, and forged by neglect.
If your complaint has exhausted you, Hostetter's
Stomach Bitters breaks them easily and without
loss of time. Pains in the right side, yellowness
of the skin, constipation and dyspepsia attending
biliousness, are annihilated by this grand altera-
tive. Incurably useful it is, too. In rheumatism,
malaria, debility and kidney complaints.

HEADS OF FAMILIES

And All Housewives Read With Care.

Our trade is growing wider, broader, larger
every day.

There is hardly a day passing that some one does
not add their name to our list of patrons. Re-
cognizing the vastness of our business, the ex-
perience of our goods, combined with low prices,
we do not marvel that this is so. It is a recog-
nized fact that upon all great occasions in Atlanta
all refreshment affairs have been supplied with a
great or greater portion of delicacies served from
our store. On all sides can be seen in simple
quantities goods from the remote portions of our
globe. Our extended experience in business with
the combined quantities of a high order of taste,
makes it easy for us to understand. Remember that
it is no easy matter to cater to the wants and de-
mands of a cosmopolitan people of a city of At-
lanta's proportions. Here have a people who can
claim portions of our common country as their
birthplace. We also have a people who are
recognized as travelers, whose tastes are culti-
vated, and who are competent judges of fine
things and who know a good thing when they
see it. Now to business.

Our new invoice of maple syrup and our dark
buckwheat flour has arrived—try both. Our fancy
Cape Cod cranberries, our turkeys, fat and
becked with dazing, broods await your call. We
dress turkeys upon short notice, or hang in fe-
house until wanted. Celery supplied by the
dozen at lowest rates. All kinds of fancy Cal-
ifornia fruits in 3-pound cans by wholesale and
retail. Why pay extra per pound for coffee,
when you can come to our store and buy
celebrated Kijano at 35 cents per pound.
It is an equal blend of Mocha, Maracabo and
Java. We have our own coffee roasted and it is
safe to say that we have the largest coffee trade
in the city. Make up your mind to try one pound.
Our fancy Jersey butter at 50 cents, is the finest in
the city, you pay 40 and 50 for some not as good
as ours. All our goods are perfectly fresh, our
sales are larger, consequently fresher.

We solicit the accounts of all who desire first-
class service and quality. Our prices are mod-
erate, in a great many instances cheaper than any
house in the city. Twenty-five barrels more of
those fancy Long Island Sound Irish potatoes.
Call and see us.
HOTT & THOMAS,
90 Whitehall Street.

ANNOUNCEMENTS

For Mayor of Atlanta.

The friends of Hon. Anton Kontz announce him
as a candidate for the mayoralty of Atlanta. They
point with pride to his record as a citizen, as a
business man, as an officer, as a public servant
and as a friend. Atlanta needs a man of nerve,
of high personal character, who cannot be
swayed for money. Such a man is Anton Kontz,
and as such the suffrages of the people are asked
for him.

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla

The Best
Blood Medicine

So say Leading Physicians
and Druggists, and their opin-
ion is endorsed by thousands
cured by it of Scrofula, Ec-
zema, Erysipelas, and other
diseases of the blood.

"Ayer's Sarsaparilla has won its re-
putation by years of valuable service to the
community. It is the best."—R. S. Lang,
Druggist, 212 Merrimack st., Lowell, Mass.

Dr. W. P. Wright, Paw Paw, Tenn.,
says: "In my practice, I invariably pre-
scribe Ayer's Sarsaparilla for chronic dis-
eases of the blood."

Dr. R. B. Boyle, Third and Oxford sts.,
Philadelphia, Pa., writes: "For two years
I have prescribed Ayer's Sarsaparilla in a
number of instances, and I find it highly
efficacious in the treatment of all disorders
of the blood."

J. M. Robinson, Pharmacist, Sabina, O.,
certifies: "Ayer's Sarsaparilla has always
been a great seller. My customers think
there is no blood-purifier equal to it."

"For many years I was afflicted with
scrofulous running sores, which, at last be-
came so bad the doctors advised amputating
one of my legs to save my life. I began
taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla and soon saw an
improvement. After using about two dozen
bottles the sores were healed. I continue to
take a few bottles of this medicine each
year, for my blood, and am no longer trou-
bled with sores. I have tried other blood-
purifiers, but none does so much good
as Ayer's Sarsaparilla."—D. A. Robinson,
Neal, Kansas.

Don't fail to get
Ayer's Sarsaparilla

PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by Druggists, \$1, six \$5. Worth \$3 a bottle.

The Great English Complexion SOAP.

PEARS'
SOAP.

Of all Druggists, but beware of imitations.

J. C. HENDRIX, LAWRENCE HARRISON.

J. C. Hendrix & Co.

We offer a plat of twenty-eight graded lots
on Whitehall street, West End, to home-seek-
ers very cheap on long time.

30 acres only one mile from carshed; lies
well; big money can be made out of it.

15 acres in West End; shaded, and lies per-
fect.

Copeland Hill lots to suit purchasers. Fac-
tory sites on any of the roads entering the
city.

We have several large lots on the Boulevard
that owners are anxious to sell; no one else
can offer.

We have 250 feet on Jackson street that is
very cheap.

We have the best lot on Houston street for
sale.

Large tract on Peachtree street that will
sell next spring for twice what we ask for it.

Any size lot on West Peachtree st. cheaper
than they will ever be again.

A lovely lot on North avenue that we can
sell low in the next few days.

We can offer you property on all the prin-
cipal streets at low prices. If you
wish to buy or sell call on us.

J. C. Hendrix & Co.

Sp-1m
Goldsmith's Real Estate Agency.

30 South Broad Street.

NOTICE OUR BARGAINS IN VACANT PROP-
ERTY.

4,500—For corner lot in the center of city.
1,000—For lovely lot, near in, on Jackson st.
1,000—Nice lot near Peachtree and Courtland.
1,000—Cor. near Jackson, surrounded by carlines.
2,000—St. Edgewood ave., surrounded by carlines.
1,000—Lot on Fort, 100 ft. from electric car line.
1,250—Corner, large and shady, near Angier ave.
850—Good lot, nice street, near Capitol ave.
850—Wheat street, just as good as wheat.
750—Lot on good street, close to electric line.
750—Beautiful lot, 200 feet, S. Georgia ave.
600—Lot for investment on Hillard street.
600—Lot spunk on dummy line, lovely.
500—Jairy st. lot, in best of neighborhood.
500—Will buy splendid lot for improvement.
500—Only one lot on Jones street.
300—Get this and build on it. Don't delay.
250—For lot 90x16, small, but very cheap.
250—For lot 90x16, small, but very cheap.

4,750—Home, delightful neighborhood, Baker st.
4,000—2-r. house, Edgewood, nice lot, one acre.
3,500—Capital ave. lot, deep place for nice home.
3,000—Large lot, 4 houses, on new electric line.
3,000—2-r. house, nice shady grounds, West End.
2,000—For lot on Hillard street, near Capitol ave.
2,000—Washington street lot; buy and improve it.
2,000—Store and 3-r. house; money in it.
1,500—2-r. h. lot 60x150, near W. Fair; easy terms.
950—2-r. h., new, close to dummy; east Atlanta.
850—2-r. h. on 21st street, near Capitol ave.
650—For 2-r. house, assessed at \$600.
450—2-r. house, 2 lots, \$500 cash, bal. \$10 month.
350—For beautiful lot on Capitol street.
One of the loveliest homes on Washington st.
One of the prettiest homes on Spring st.
An elegant home on Highland ave.
A large magnificent lot, Whitehall st.
The choicest lot on Peachtree st.
Central stores and houses near the hub.
Some choice acreage property.
Call at 30 S. Broad, get prices and see our list.

REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE

5 South Pryor Street,
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

We call attention to the property described
below, which we consider good bargains, and will
sell for a good advance next spring:
Five lots on North Calhoun street, beautifully
shaded and graded, \$35 per front foot.
Twenty lots on Myrtle street, adjoining the above,
all with natural shade and above grade.
180 feet on Blackley avenue, high and command-
ing point, corner of Myrtle street. \$10 per front
foot.
Three lots on Eighth street, one block from
Calhoun. Eighth street is graded nearly to these
lots. \$10 per front foot.
Five acres near Central railway and McPherson
baracks, adjoining Forest park, with good
frontage on Jonesboro road, \$2,250.
3 1/2 acres on Green's Ferry avenue, inside city
limits, surrounded by streets, street cars within
one block and projected electric cars on Green's
Ferry avenue, \$2,750.
Choice farms near Atlanta, timber lands, Call
write for particulars. Special bargains in grain
mill, water power and farm, etc.
J. H. MOUNTAIN, Manager.
ROBERT MILLER, Secretary and Treasurer.

TALLEY & GREENE,
Real Estate Agents,

No. 24 Broad Street.

WE HAVE SOME GRAND INVESTMENTS TO
offer in outside property. Look over the
following bargains:

250 ACRES ONE MILE BELOW HAPEVILLE.
Fronts one mile on Atlanta and Florida
Highroad and runs back to bottom. Splendid orchard.
This place can be bought dirt cheap.

1100 ACRES ON ATLANTA AND FLORIDA.
Five miles railroad front. This is a grand
investment. Only \$12 per acre.

300 ACRES BETWEEN HAPEVILLE AND
Manchester. Will sell in 50-acre tracts.
These lands are beautiful.

100 ACRES 1/2 MILE EAST POINT
Cheap.

100 ACRES 1/2 MILES McPHERSON. LOW
down.

170 ACRES ONE MILE HAPEVILLE.

WE HAVE 150 ACRES BETWEEN EAST POINT
and Hapeville that we will divide into small
tracts from 5 to 50 acres. Could be seen to see us
about these lands.

WE HAVE SEVERAL BARGAINS TO OFFER
in city property. Corner lot, Luckie street,
33x100; 15 1/2 acres, Peachtree; 10 acres for another
house. Great bargain at \$2,500.

VACANT LOTS CORNER GEORGIA AVENUE
and "Martin" street. Nicely elevated.
Grove on them. Very good opportunity for a
house. Great bargain at \$2,500.

WE CAN POSSIBLY ADVISE ALL THE
property we have for sale. Come in to see us

ANSLEY BROTHERS,
REAL ESTATE.

\$5,500—Will buy the best bargain on Capitol ave-
nue. Corner property and splendid outcome;
one look at it will convince you.

\$1,500—Fuller street, beautiful vacant lot on
paved street; special bargain.

\$3,500—Capitol avenue lot; 50x200; only 3 1/2 squares
from Capitol and on best part of street.

\$1,000—6 acres near Fulton electric line; nicely
shaded; 800 feet frontage; lays well.

\$2,500—Beautiful Windsor street house and nice
shaded lot; east front; paved street; lot 50x200.

\$7,000—Best investment property. 2-story house prop-
erty; 2 houses renting for \$250; on lot
60x110; in 3 1/2 squares of carshed.

\$2,100—100 feet front on Boulevard; corner lot; in
square of Mrs. Nelson's beautiful home.

\$2,100—Jackson street lot; shaded; near Highland
avenue.

\$3,000—Human park; corner lot; 100x100; come
and see it.

\$6,500—Elegant corner lot; 75 feet front; in 3
squares of carshed; one of only business
corners left.

\$375—1/2 cash; for house 4 rooms and lot; renting
for \$10.

Nice house and lot; north side city preferred;
from \$5,000 to \$4,000 cash; we have customer
waiting.

\$1,000—on easy terms for 100 acres land; 1/2 mile
from depot at Clarkston, Ga.; fine orchard, etc.

DEATH PROPERTY.
\$5,000—6-room house and 5 acres fronting rail-
road.

\$2,100—2-room house and lot; near depot.

\$1,500—5-room house and 1 1/2 acres land.

\$1,000—2-acre, 1 mile below Decatur; near rail-
road.

Office 10 East Alabama Street.

J. A. SCOTT, ISAAC LIEBMAN.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,
REAL ESTATE AGENTS.

20 PEACHTREE ST.
TELEPHONE, 1075

If you want to buy, sell, or exchange prop-
erty of any description, why not go to headquarters
for advice and information. Good renting prop-
erty. Just think of such property bringing
over 10 per cent interest net, besides considering
the increasing value of the property.

\$6,500 for a 7-r. house, lot 42x112, on Ivy street.
A lovely home for the right party.

\$8,000 less for a few days only, a lovely 6-room
house on lot 12x152, on Ivy st. Reasonable terms.
\$7,250 for 31x272 to 10-foot alley, on North ave.,
surrounded by several streets. Twelve good sized
lots can be made of this.

\$400 for 30x60, or, garden lot. Easy payments.
\$450 for 100x200, on Scott st., near dummy line.
Terms easy.

\$500 for 112x184, on Bowden st., near Peachtree.
Not to be sold often.

\$2,000 for 112 acres, 1/2 mile from W. & A. R. R.,
and 3 miles from Marietta, Ga., within one
mile of American Marble Co. 70 acres open, bal-
ance in young timber, and lies rolling; a 4 and 2-
room house; very productive, and especially of
fruits and grapes; gin and mill within 1/2 mile of
place. Accommodation train stops at every cross
road. Will exchange for Atlanta property.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN, 20 Peachtree street.

RAILROAD RUMBLINGS.

NEWS GATHERED UP ALONG THE RAIL.

Interest Concerning Railroad Matters in Every Section.

A meeting of the principal officers of the different express companies took place in New York on Monday, and it was decided to increase the tariff on freight, the increase to go into effect on November 1st. Rates are to be advanced from all seaboard points, and a meeting of the superintendents of the tariff departments of all the express companies will take place in Chicago, Thursday, October 30th, to make arrangements for the coming winter, which will be made on the basis of the rate between New York and Chicago. This rate is now quoted at \$2 per 100 pounds, and by the coming arrangement, it is understood, it will be increased to \$2.50. This will, according to report, be the maximum increase between all points west of Buffalo and Pittsburgh.

The city council of Fort Worth, Tex., has granted a franchise to build the Fort Worth and Dallas rapid transit steam railroad on Front Street. The conditions of the grant is that the road shall be constructed within one year and operated at least five times a day. The building of this road will cost \$500,000 or more, and it is the intention of the company to run a train every hour in the day, making the trip between the two cities in four or five minutes. The people at the head of this project have the money already in hand, and work will begin in sixty days and they propose to have everything completed by the first of November next. It is claimed that this will be the best equipped road in the southwest.

The stockholders of the Alabama Great Southern, a part of the Queen and Crescent system, met in Birmingham, Wednesday, and the election of the new board of directors set for the fact that the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia system has secured control of the Queen and Crescent. A resolution was passed to increase the board of directors from seven to eleven, and the following were elected: H. D. Brown, A. W. Abraham, Eugene E. Ryan, Charles Schiff, T. W. Snagg, Samuel Thomas, Calvin S. Price, John H. Inman, John G. Moore, Charles McCallister, and Francis Payne. A majority of the new directors were named by the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia people.

The matter of wages for passenger trainmen on the Michigan Central has not yet been decided. The request for pay on the part of the passenger men is not confined to the Michigan Central. A similar strike has been made by the Lake Shore and by those of nearly all other trunk lines, and it is possible the managers of the systems affected may have a conference before the final strike is made. The matter, although the request for more pay is made simultaneously on all lines, it has none of the features of a strike. The men argue well for their cause, but make no threats and fix no special day on which their request must be granted.

"There is a possibility," says the Louisville Courier-Journal, "that President Ingalls will have some trouble in taking control of the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland road on November 1st. As Ingalls, who has been named, certain stockholders claim to be dissatisfied with the deal made by the majority of the stockholders, and threaten to enjoin the Big Four from taking possession. This move is not likely to cause delay in the matter, as an investigation will show that it is the best deal that could have been made for the Cincinnati, Sandusky and Cleveland road. The stockholders in such a position to understand the situation."

In an interview with a Chattanooga Press reporter a railroad man explains the cause of so many railroad accidents. He says:

"This subject is a very serious one, and is commanding public attention. There is certainly a reason for these accidents, and these causes ought to be thoroughly investigated by railroad officials. I have discovered after making considerable inquiry that the engineers and conductors are often times lax in obeying orders. Specific and peremptory orders are given as to passing stations, often the men who receive these orders are not at all vigilant, and as a consequence we find an accident. If orders were more strictly carried out we should not hear of the heart-rending stories of horrible railroad wrecks; as a matter of fact, they would become a thing of the past. If at any time wrong orders are given them, the officials who gave the wrong orders should be immediately discharged, no quarter should be allowed them. They are the same with the men, for an infraction of a railroad order or rule that man should get his dismissal card. Men who run on railroads have possibly the most responsible duties to perform, hence they should execute them with rigid exactitude."

Railroad Notes.
The numerical strength of the different railroad organizations is as follows: Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, 20,000; Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, 18,000; Brotherhood of Railway and Motor Vehicle Men, 10,000; Brotherhood of Railroad Conductors, 2,000.

A remarkable invention has been made in Austria whereby the serious results from railway collisions are prevented. The device is a block for the train, and if they are broken by an obstacle an electric movement is applied to the brakes, bringing the train immediately to a standstill.

A block system apparatus was recently exhibited which automatically rings a bell or blows a whistle in the cab of an engine entering a block that is occupied by another train. The system continues until the train ahead leaves the block.

The popular belief that great speed is attended with great danger is not confirmed by the experience on English railways. In 1887, 700,000,000 passengers were carried and only one fatal accident occurred.

The directors of the Mobile and Girard road have accepted the provisions of the general land forfeiture bill passed at the last session of congress, and will thereby acquire over 100,000 acres of land in Alabama.

The Russian government is building a railroad in almost a straight line from Moscow to Behring sea, which is expected to be completed within five years.

The freight depot of the Mobile and Birmingham Railroad Company at Mobile, was destroyed by fire last night.

All trains coming into the city were crowded again yesterday, bringing visitors to the Piedmont exposition.

All railroads running into Atlanta will give a one-cent-a-mile rate next week, and it is expected to greatly increase travel.

The Vandallia has advanced the pay of its train dispatchers to \$10 per month, eight hours per day service.

Railroad Personnel.
M. Haight, general traveling passenger agent, Union Pacific railroad, with headquarters at Louisville, Ky., is in the city.

C. F. Preston, traveling agent Richmond and Danville railroad, with headquarters in Richmond, is in the city.

Georgia Bromine-Lithia water for insomnia.

The Finest on Earth
The Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton railroad is the only line running from Cincinnati to Dayton, Va. Vestibule Trains, with Chair, Parlor, Sleeping and Dining Car service between Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Chicago, and the only line running through Reeling Chair Cars between Cincinnati, Louisville, Lexington and Springfield, Ill., and Cincinnati and Springfield, Va.

And the Only DIRECT LINE
between Cincinnati, Dayton, Lima, Toledo, Detroit, the Lake Regions and Canada.

The road is one of the oldest in the state of Ohio, and the only line connecting Cincinnati with over twenty-five miles of double track, and in its past record can more than assure its patrons speed, comfort and safety. Tickets on sale everywhere, and see that they read C. H. & D., either in or out of Cincinnati, Indianapolis, or Toledo, E. O. McCormick, General Passenger Agent.

Ed. L. Grant Sign Company,
33 Peachtree, phone 60. Signs and banners made and shipped anywhere. Glass, board and advertising signs.

SYRUP OF FIGS.



ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently and promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and \$1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—ORDINARY'S
(Office, October 3, 1890.—Hyatt M. Patterson has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John H. Patterson, deceased, who died on the first Monday in November next, and he has been granted said application as applied for.

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GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—COURT OF
(Ordinary, Chambers, October 3, 1890.—The undersigned appointed upon application of Francis A. Hight, executor of the will of Carrie H. Purdie, deceased, for a twelve months' support for herself, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next November term of this court, why said application should not be granted.

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